

МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ  
ЧЕРНІГІВСЬКИЙ НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ ТЕХНОЛОГІЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ

**АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА**  
**ENGLISH GRAMMAR TESTS**  
**Методичні рекомендації**  
**для абітурієнтів, студентів та аспірантів**

Обговорено і рекомендовано  
на засіданні кафедри іноземних мов  
професійного спрямування  
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## ВСТУП

Збірка тестів «АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА. ENGLISH GRAMMAR TESTS» призначена для повторення та систематизації знань з граматики англійської мови, отриманих упродовж вивчення курсу, та підготовки до контролю граматичного аспекту англомовної комунікації.

Збірка може також бути використана абітурієнтами для підготовки до ЗНО та студентами, які мають певні проблеми з окремих положень англійської граматики і потребують матеріалу для практичних вправ, а також викладачам англійської мови як додатковий матеріал у роботі із студентами для відпрацювання певних граматичних структур.

Збірка включає наступні розділи англійської граматики:

Іменник. Вживання іменників у множині, присвійному відмінку.

Артикль. Основні випадки вживання неозначеного, означеного, нульового артиклів.

Прикметник. Вживання прикметників у вищому і найвищому ступенях, утворених за правилами, а також найбільш поширені винятки.

Займенник. Особові, присвійні, питальні, об'єктні, вказівні, неозначені займенники, похідні від *some, any, no, every*.

Прислівник. Вищий та найвищий ступені порівняння прислівників.

Числівники. Кількісні, порядкові числівники.

Прийменники місця, напрями, часу.

Дієслово. Утворення і вживання дієслів у Present, Past, Future Simple (Indefinite) в активному та пасивному станах: Present, Past Progressive (Continuous) і Present, Past Perfect в активному стані; Future-in-the Past. Використання неособових форм дієслова: інфінітива, герундія, дієприслівника теперішнього та минулого часу. Модальні дієслова та їх еквіваленти (*can, could, may, might, must, should, have to, ought to, need, be able to*) в поєднанні з простою формою інфінітива.

Узгодження часів. Умовні речення I та II типів.

Синтаксис. Основні типи речень: стверджувальне, питальне, заперечне, спонукальне. Порядок слів у реченнях різних типів. Безособові речення. Складносурядні та складнопідрядні речення.

Збірка налічує 20 тестів, розділ Grammar Check та Translation Test.

У додатках представлені таблиці граматичних форм дієслова активного та пасивного стану, а також таблиця неправильних дієслів.

Матеріал тестів побудований на загальній розмовній широковживаній лексиці, отже не виникне потреба звертатися до словника в пошуках незнайомих слів, що полегшить роботу і заощадить час на вивчення основних граматичних форм і формування навичок їхнього застосування.

# TEST 1

## 1.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

A traveller who had been riding in the rain and was wet through, arrived at a small hotel in the country. There was only one fireplace in the hall and a lot of people around it. The traveller thought of a plan how to get warm. He asked the hotel owner to take some fish to his horse. The hotel owner was surprised but the traveller insisted and the hotel owner did as he was asked. All the people rushed out to see the horse eat fish. The traveller had the fireplace all to himself and felt comfortable. When the hotel owner returned he said, "I was sure horses do not eat fish."— "Then why did you take it to my horse?"

1. Why did the hotel owner try to feed the horse with fish?
2. Why did the traveller ask him to do it?

## 1.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

The traveller thought of a plan how to get warm.

## 1.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

Once John Smith and his wife Mary who (1 — live) in a small house in the mountains, (2 — find) a dog. Though the dog (3 — be) weak and hungry, he (4 — not eat) anything in the presence of his new masters. Several days later the dog (5 — disappear). John and Mary (6 — leave) alone. But one day when Smith (7 — travel) in a train, he (8 — see) his dog running along the road. He (9 — get) off the train at the next station, (10 — buy) a piece of meat, (11 — catch) the dog and (12— bring) him home again. There the dog (13 — tie) up for a week.

The dog (14— escape) several times and each time he (15— run) north. At last the dog (16 — decide) to stay at the cottage but a long time (17 — pass) before Smith and his wife (18 — can) touch him. They (19 — call) him Wolf.

One summer a stranger (20 — come) to the cottage. As soon as the dog (21 — see) him, he (22— rush) to the stranger and (23 — lick) his hands. Then the stranger (24 — say): "His name (25 — be) not Wolf. It (26 — be) Brown. He (27 — be) my dog." Mary (28 — ask) to leave the dog with them. But the stranger (29 — refuse) and (30 — say) that the dog (31 — must) decide it himself. "I (32 — say) goodbye and (33 — go) away. If he (34 — want) to stay, let him stay." For some time Wolf (35 — watch) the man go. Then he (36 — rush) after him and (37 — try) to stop him. Then the dog (38 — run) back to Smith and his wife (39 — try) to drag Smith after the stranger. He (40 — want) to be at the same time with the old and the new master. Finally the dog (41 — lie) down at the feet of Smith. Mary (42 — be) happy.

#### 1.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. I... glasses since I was a child,  
a) wear, b) wore, c) am wearing, d) have been wearing.
2. When the phone rang, I... dinner.  
a) cook, b) was cooking, c) had been cooking, d) have been cooking.
3. He usually had dinner at 4 p.m., ... ?  
a) had he, b) hadn't he, c) did he, d) didn't he.
4. He works ... and makes good progress.  
a) hard, b) hardly, c) good, d) badly.
5. He reminds me ... someone I knew in the army.  
a) of, b) to, c) from, d) about.
6. Mary is here. Where are ... ?  
a) other, b) others, c) the others, d) another.
7. What ... bad weather we are having today!  
a) the, b) a, c) an, d) — .
8. Did you read ... English books at school?  
a) some, b) many, c) much, d) none.
9. I want to know what ...,  
a) are you doing, b) were you doing, c) will you do, d) you are doing
10. I've made ... mistakes now than I made last time.  
a) few, b) a few, c) fewer, d) less.
11. Can ... of you help me?  
a) some, b) any, c) somebody, d) anybody.
12. This translation is twice as ....  
a) easy, b) easier, c) the easiest, d) much easier.
13. We ... two compositions this month.  
a) write, b) wrote, c) were writing, d) have written.
14. I had a feeling that somebody ... there before.  
a) is, b) was, c) has been, d) had been.
15. She won't see him ... he phones her.  
a) except, b) after, c) unless, d) because.
16. ... only one theatre and two cinemas in this city ten years ago.  
a) there is, b) there was, c) there are, d) there were.
17. My watch....  
a) stops, b) has stopped, c) have stopped, d) stop.
18. Do you know when he ... ?  
a) comes, b) will come, c) shall come, d) come.
19. I don't have any pets. Neither ....  
a) she does, b) does she, c) is she, d) does she have.
20. His parents didn't let him ... TV late.  
a) to watch, b) watch, c) watching, d) watched.

### 1.5. Translate into English.

1. Ми не сподівались, що вони приїдуть так швидко.
2. Я ще ніколи не брав участі у подібних заходах.
3. Його друзі чекають на нього вже годину.
4. Я давно не отримував листів від своїх друзів.
5. Вчора вона подзвонила своїй подрузі. Вона не розмовляла з нею вже кілька днів.

## TEST 2

### 2.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

A young writer has just managed to publish his first book. He is very proud of his success and is boasting of it to everybody around. For more than half an hour he has been talking about his success to one of his friends who is also a writer. At last he thinks that his friend is not very much interested and apologizes saying "I am sorry to have taken so much of your time, it is so selfish of me." — "Never mind," answered his friend absent-mindedly. "You haven't taken my time at all. I've been thinking over the plot of my new novel."

1. Was the young writer modest?
2. Why wasn't his friend annoyed?

### 2.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

The writer is proud of his success and is boasting of it to everybody around.

### 2.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

In summer I (1 — go) to Brighton. When I (2 — arrive) there it (3 — be) late afternoon. After dinner I (4 — put) on my raincoat and (5 — go) out for a walk. It (6 — be) a nasty day, the sky (7 — cover) with clouds, and it (8 — rain) a little. As I (9 — move) slowly along the quiet empty street, I (10 — see) a stranger. He first (11 — pass) me by but then (12 — stop). "(13 — be) that you, Peter?" he (14 — cry) out. It (15 — be) Jones." I (16 — not see) you for ages," he (17 — say). — "Why, what you (18 — do) here?" I (19 — ask). "Why you (20 — not go) home?" — "I cannot," he (21 — answer). "I (22 — forget) the name of the hotel where my wife and I (23 — stay)." — "If you (24 — ring) up the hotels, you (25 — find) out where you (26 — stay)," I smiled. He said that he (27 — have) no money. And he (28 — explain) that they (29 — get) to Brighton at 11 o'clock. They (30 — leave) their things at the station and (31 — go) to a hotel. He (32 — change) his clothes and (33 — decide) to go for a walk. The sun (34 — shine) brightly and there (35 — be) nothing in the forecast about rain. I suggested that we (36 — go) to my hotel. While Jones (37 — take) a shower I (38- think) the situation over. Then we (39 — begin) telephoning all the

hotels in Brighton. We (40 — do) it so well that next afternoon Jones (41 — find) both his hotel and his wife.

#### 2.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. I ... since breakfast and I'm very tired.  
a) travel, b) am travelling, c) was travelling, d) have been travelling.
2. He came to the party ... he hadn't been invited.  
a) although, b) in case, c) even, d) in spite.
3. We have ... for a new secretary but we haven't had any replies yet.  
a) announced, b) advertised, c) advised, d) noticed.
4. Ted is good at football but Rick is ... .  
a) good, b) well, e) better, d) best.
5. ... "Romeo and Juliet?"—Not yet.  
a) Did you see, b) Do you see, c) Have you seen, d) Had you seen.
6. He makes me ....  
a) laugh, b) to laugh, c) laughing, d) have laughed.
7. He had an accident yesterday and was taken to ... hospital.  
a) the, b) — , c) a, d) an.
8. It's crowded in here. There's ... to sit down.  
a) hardly, b) hardly any, c) hardly anything, d) hardly anywhere.
9. Next June my cousin ... from high school.  
a) graduate, b) graduated, c) will graduate, d) has graduated.
10. The Earth ... round the Sun.  
a) goes, b) was going, c) will go, d) has gone.
11. Are you interested ... working for him?  
a) at, b) in, c) with, d) of.
12. He is reported ... 400 dollars.  
a) to steal, b) to have stolen, e) to be stealing, d) to have been stolen.
13. Put ... sugar into your tea.  
a) some, b) any, e) none, d) not any.
14. I ... my book on the desk a few minutes ago.  
a) lay, b) have lain, c) laid, d) have laid.
15. There's nothing left for him but escape, ... ?  
a) is it, b) isn't, c) is there, d) isn't there.
16. The news ... so shocking.  
a) are, b) was, c) have been, d) were.
17. ... the dinner by the time Peter came?  
a) Have you cooked, b) Did you cook, c) Do you cook, d) Had you cooked.
18. She ... when I came.  
a) works, b) work, c) was working, d) has worked.
19. You ... work hard at your French if you want to pass the exam.  
a) can, b) may, c) must, d) might.
20. Do you like ... milk with your tea?  
a) few, b) some, c) many, d) a few.

## 2.5. Translate into English.

1. Ми не приготували кімнату до їхнього приїзду вчора.
2. Мені треба добре подумати, перш ніж я дам вам відповідь.
3. Якщо він не прийде за десять хвилин, його друзі поїдуть без нього.
4. На цьому тижні я написав кілька листів і сподіваюсь отримати відповіді через тиждень.
5. Вона вивчає італійську три роки і може вільно спілкуватись.

## TEST 3

### 3.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

The famous composer Rakhmaninov was also a very good pianist. When he was a small boy he was asked to play at a home party at their friends' place. Though he was only eight he was quite experienced in playing the piano and did it well. At that concert he was to play one of Beethoven's sonatas. It must be mentioned that there are several very long intervals in that sonata. In each of these intervals the boy took his hands off the keyboard and waited. During one of these intervals the old mother of the hostess came up to him and said, "My boy, why don't you play something that you know very well?"

1. Why did the boy stop playing several times?
2. Did the old lady know Beethoven's music well?

### 3.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

Rakhmaninov was a famous pianist and composer whose music was well-known all over the world.

### 3.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

One evening Mr Green (1 — drive) his car along a country road. He (2 — be) to London where he (3 — take) 250 pounds from the bank. He (4 — put) the money in his pocket. At some part of the road a man in shabby clothes (5 — stop) him and (6 — ask) for a lift. Mr Green (7 — tell) him (8 — get) into the car and (9 — continue) his way. He (10 — talk) to the man and (11 — learn) that the man (12 — escape) from prison and thought of his 250 pounds.

Suddenly he (13 — see) a police car and (14 — have) a bright idea. He (15 — begin) to drive the car fast. He (16 — look) back and (17 — see) the police car nearing his car. It soon (18 — overtake) him and he (19 — have to) stop. The policeman, (20 — take) out his notebook and (21 — want) Mr Green's name and address. Mr Green (22 — want) to tell the policeman about the robber sitting behind



but the man (23 — take) out a gun and (24 — put) it to Mr Green's back. Mr Green was afraid of (25 — shoot) so he (26 — say) nothing. He only (27 — ask) (28 — take) to the police station but the policeman (29 — say): "You (30 — have to) appear at the police court later." He (31 — give) Mr Green a talk about dangerous driving and (32 — go) away. Then Mr Green (33 — start) up his car again. He (34 — think) his 250 pounds (35 — lose). When they (36 — be) near a small town the robber said to Mr Green: "You (37 — be) good to me. This (38 — be) the least I (39 — can) do in return." And he (40 — hand) Mr Green the policeman's notebook.

### 3.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. I've just bought ... copy of his latest book.  
a) — , b) a, c) the, d) any.
2. ... in my class likes him.  
a) All, b) All pupils, c) All the pupils, d) Everyone.
3. Jack left ... Paris last week.  
a) in, b) for, c) from, d) to.
4. They... yet.  
a) didn't arrive, b) haven't arrived, c) hadn't arrived, d) don't arrive.
5. Turn right... the end of the street.  
a) at, b) in, c) to, d) on.
6. Nelly is ... at History than Jane but worse at French.  
a) as good, b) not so good, c) better, d) best.
7. A young man asked if we ... students.  
a) are, b) were, c) have been, d) shall be.
8. I have asked some friends — for tea.  
a) to go, b) to stay, c) to bring, d) to drink.
9. Has he ... you of his decision?  
a) talked, b) said, c) told, d) spoke.
10. She made her husband ... the tree.  
a) to cut down, b) cut down, c) to have cut down, d) cutting down.
11. When I entered they ... to music.  
a) have listened, b) were listened, c) were listening, d) listen.
12. She spoke to ... person at the party.  
a) few, b) a few, c) every, d) many.
13. I ... glasses since I was a child.  
a) wear, b) am wearing, c) have been wearing, d) was wearing.
14. They took a rest after they ... the yard.  
a) had cleaned up, b) were cleaning up, c) would clean up, d) have cleaned up.
15. I knew I'd forgotten ... .  
a) somewhere, b) anywhere, c) something, d) anything.
16. You usually have dinner at home, ... ?  
a) do you, b) don't you, c) have you, d) haven't you.
17. The police haven't got ... information to catch the robber.  
a) some, b) enough, c) another, d) these.

18. I haven't heard ... you.  
a) anyone call, b) anyone to call, c) someone call, d) someone to call.
19. The news you've brought ... much better... than last time.  
a) is, b) are, c) have been, d) were.
20. I hope I've got ... mistakes in my test today.  
a) little, b) less, c) fewer, d) fewest.

### **3.5. Translate into English.**

1. Ти знаєш, скільки йому років?
2. Тобі слід більше займатися англійською.
3. Я думав, що ти знаєш це.
4. У кожному журналі є щось цікаве.
5. Нас попросили купити словник.

## **TEST 4**

### **4.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.**

A certain king was in the habit of writing verses. He thought highly of them. Since he was a king the people to whom he showed them tried to praise them too. Once he showed his verses to a wise man. The wise man didn't like them. It made the king very angry and he put the man into prison. Some time passed and the king decided to set him free. The king invited him to dinner and showed him his new verses. Then he asked the wise man what he thought of them. The wise man turned to the king and said, "Send me back to prison."

1. Was the king wise?
2. Why did the wise man ask to send him back to prison?

### **1.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.**

The king thought highly of his verses.

### **4.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.**

One bright afternoon Major Brown (1 — go) out for his usual after-dinner walk. The major (2 — be) a little man, very energetic and strong-looking. Some time before Major Brown (3 — retire) from the army and now (4 — live) on a small pension. He (5 — be) a brave and successful soldier but he never (6 — like) being a military man. He (7 — take) a small house in London and (8 — devote) the rest of his life to growing his favourite flowers — pansies in his little garden.

As the major slowly (9 — walk) along a narrow street he suddenly (10 — see) a most pleasant sight. A large, heavy man (11 — push) before him a barrow full of pansies. The major pever (12 — see) such beautiful flowers. He (13 — come) up to the man and (14 — begin) to talk to him. At first he only (15 — want) to buy some of the pansies but finally he (16 — decide) to buy them all.

"I (17 — tell) you something, sir," (18— say) the man and (19 — look) around. "If you (20 — interest) in such things, you just get on to that wall," and the man (21 — point) to the garden wall by which they (22 — stand). "The finest collection of yellow pansies in England (23 — be) in that garden," whispered the man. How it (24 — happen) no one ever (25 — know) but the fact (26 — be) that a second later the major (27 — stand) on the garden wall. At the next moment he (28— forget) everything. In the very centre of the garden he (29 — see) a large bed of the most beautiful yellow pansies. But it (30— be) not the beauty of the pansies that (31 — surprise) him. It (32 — be) something else: the pansies (33 — arrange) in gigantic capital letters which (34 — form) the sentence "Death to Major Brown." An old man (35 — water) them. Brown (36 – look) back at the road behind him. The man with the barrow (37 — disappear). Then he (38 — look) again at the flowerbed that had the terrible words. The evening air (39 — be) so still, the garden (40 — look) so quiet. Suddenly Major Brown (41 — see) the watering can (42 — fall) from the old man's hand.

#### 4.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. Mother doesn't have much free time. Neither ... .  
a) do I, b) do I have, c) I do, d) I am.
2. It has been snowing all day. I wonder when ... .  
a) will it stop, b) does it stop, c) it stops, d) it will stop.
3. This is ... useful advice.  
a) such, b) such a, c) so, d) so a.
4. I have two rooms. One is a bedroom, and ... is a sitting room.  
a) other, b) the other, c) another, d) others.
5. He ... his hat to welcome us.  
a) rose, b) has risen, c) raised, d) is rising.
6. I haven't the slightest idea of what I ... to do in this situation.  
a) could, b) ought, c) would, d) should.
7. They let their children ... different pets at home.  
a) keeps, b) keeping, c) keep, d) to keep.
8. You have to support your children, ... ?  
a) have you, b) haven't you, c) do you, d) don't you.
9. We all... mistakes when we are young.  
a) do, b) make, c) did, d) made.
10. Something is wrong with the watch. Can you repair ... ?  
a) they, b) it, c) them, d) its.
11. She looks ... today.  
a) happily, b) happy, c) nicely, d) beautifully.

12. I'll give the book back as soon as he ... it.  
a) will want, b) want, c) wants, d) doesn't want.
13. When the phone rang I... a bath.  
a) had, b) was having, c) had been having, d) have been had.
14. He ... whenever he goes to the theatre.  
a) is boring, b) has bored, c) bores, d) is bored.
15. If it ... rain, we'll have the party outside.  
a) won't, b) wouldn't, c) doesn't, d) didn't.
16. When I arrived at the party, Tom ... home.  
a) had already gone, b) has already gone, c) already went, d) have already gone.
17. Is that the man ... yesterday?  
a) you're met, b) met you, c) you met, d) has met you
18. We couldn't find the cat... .  
a) any, b) nowhere, c) anywhere, d) everywhere.
19. He won't let anyone ... his records.  
a) to touch, b) to have touched, c) touch, d) touching.
20. ... already dark outside.  
a) There was, b) It was, c) There had been, d) It had been.

#### **4.5. Translate into English.**

1. Що ти робиш сьогодні ввечері?
2. Я запізнилася на десять хвилин.
3. Хто з вас самий старший у родині?
4. Можна мені ще чаю?
5. Ми запитали, скільки часу нам буде потрібно, щоб дістатися поїздом до Одеси.

## **TEST 5**

### **5.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.**

A driver who was going in his car at a great speed through the country road saw a man crossing the road and a dog following him. As the car drew near them the dog suddenly stopped, was hit by the car and killed. The driver stopped his car and came up to the man. "I am very sorry for what has happened," he said. "Will 50 dollars be enough for the killed dog?" — "Oh, yes," said the man, "50 dollars will be quite enough." The man put the money in his pocket and when the driver disappeared in the distance, looked at the dog and thought, "I wonder whose dog it was."

1. Did the man feel very unhappy that the dog had been killed?
2. Why was he happy to get 50 dollars?

## 5.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

A driver was going in his car at a great speed through the country road.

## 5.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

a)

There (1 — be) a very interesting story in the morning paper about a man who just (2 — inherit) 50,000 dollars. The newspaper article (3 — be) quite detailed. It (4 — say) that the man always (5 — behave) very strangely.

What others (6 — like) he (7 — dislike) and what most people (8 — enjoy) he (9 — hate). He (10 — not bear) the sun, but he (11 — take) long walks in the rain without a raincoat or umbrella. He always (12 — see) the black side of everything. He (13 — find) fault with the best picture of the year but he (14 — stay) up late watching very old films on TV.

Last week his uncle (15 — die) and (16 — leave) him 50,000 dollars. Perhaps the uncle (17 — be) rather strange too. Or perhaps he (18 — know) about his nephew's strange preferences— one of them, anyway — and (19 — decide) to try and cure him.

In his will the old man (20 — insist) that the nephew (21 — spend) half the inheritance within the next two years. In case he (22 — fail) to do that the money (23 — give) to a university. Everyone (24 — want) to know what the nephew (25 — do). You see, the thing he (26 — hate) most of all (27 — be) to part with his money.

b)

There (1 — be) always a big problem with Rex. Mr Smith never (2 — know) where he (3 — go). He (4 — try) to keep him in the garden but it (5 — be) no good. Rex always (6 — bring) something home with him.

One day Mr Smith (7 — come) home tired and (8 — be) soon fast asleep. He (9 — wake up) by a loud knock at the door. Rex (10 — look) at him with one eye. Mr Smith (11 — get up) and (12 — surprise) to see a policeman in the doorway. The policeman (13 — apologize) and told him that there (14 — be) a thief in the district stealing from the local shops small things like sweets, chocolates... Mr Smith said that if he (15 — notice) anything he (16 — let) the policeman know. But he knew who it (17 — be).

## 5.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. The gunman ... the pilot of the plane to change direction.

a) demanded, b) made, c) controlled, d) forced.

2. Be sure to read ... Chapter 3.

a) a, b) — , c) an, d) the.

3. The doctor said he ... be all right soon.

a) shall, b) should, c) will, d) would.

4. This bag ... for all occasions.

a) is used, b) used, c) is using, d) has used.

5. Nobody heard him ... the house.  
a) to leave, b) left, c) leave, d) have left.
6. If I... money I'll buy the book.  
a) have, b) had, c) will have, d) would have.
7. He could open the book most... .  
a) easy, b) easily, c) easiest, d) easier.
8. ... there any news in your father's letter?  
a) Are, b) Were, c) Have, d) Is.
9. The hall was full ... smoke.  
a) with, b) of, c) off, d) for.
10. I'd like you ... the mirror a bit higher.  
a) rise, b) raise, c) to raise, d) to rise.
11. The student had to read it twice, ... ?  
a) had he, b) hadn't he, c) did he, d) didn't he.
12. ... something strange in her appearance.  
a) There is, b) It is, c) This is, d) That is.
13. The hat is ... fashionable!  
a) so, b) such, c) the, d) this.
14. I ... you for five years.  
a) don't see, b) didn't see, c) haven't seen, d) doesn't see.
15. Don't go out. It ... hard.  
a) rain, b) rains, c) had rained, d) is raining.
16. They don't think so, ... .  
a) so do you, b) so I do, c) neither I do, d) neither do I.
17. Have they bought it ... ?  
a) yet, b) ever, c) just, d) never.
18. She sings extremely ... .  
a) good, b) bad, c) well, d) fine.
19. He is fond of ... speeches in public.  
a) make, b) makes, c) making, d) doing.
20. She ... the article and wants to show it to the teacher.  
a) was translating, b) translated, c) has translated, d) translate.

### **5.5. Translate into English.**

1. Вам доведеться завтра рано встати.
2. Цю книгу можна знайти в будь-якому магазині.
3. Якщо я не вступлю до університету, то буду шукати роботу.
4. Мало надії на те, що ми дістанемо квитки.
5. Він сказав, що чекає вже годину.

## TEST 6

### 6.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

A rich old businessman decided to make his will. He told his lawyer he would give 5 thousand pounds to each of his employees who had been working with him for 20 years or more. The lawyer was surprised at such generosity of the businessman. But the businessman said that he wasn't going to be generous at all because none of his employees had worked for him longer than a year. He only wanted to produce a favourable impression on the public for he was sure it would look nice in the newspapers.

1. The old businessman wasn't generous, was he?
2. Why did the businessman make such a will?

### 6.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

He promised to give five thousand pounds to each of his employees.

### 6.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

a)

If you (1 — like) stories I (2 — tell) you a true story. It (3 — happen) to a friend of mine a year ago. While my friend Geoige (4 — to read) in bed two thieves (5 — climb) into his kitchen. After they (6 — enter) the house, they (7 — go) into the dining room. It (8 — be) very dark, so they (9 — turn) on a torch (фонарь). Suddenly they (10 — hear) a voice behind them. "What (11 — be) up?" someone (12 — call). The thieves (13 — drop) the torch and (14— run) away as fast as they (15 — can). Geoige (16 — hear) the noise and (17— come) downstairs quickly. He (18 — turn) on the light but couldn't see anything. The thieves already (19 — go). But George's parrot Henry (20 — be) still there. "What (21 — be) up?" he (22 — call). "Nothing," George (23 — say) and (24 — smile). "If something (25— happen) I (26— let) you (27— know)." And George (28 — leave) the room.

b)

The relations between dolphins and human beings long (1 — surprise) people. These relations (2 — last) for thousands of years. Pictures of dolphins (3 — use) to decorate the coins of ancient Greeks. Sailors (4— consider) the presence of dolphins near ships to be good luck. Now dolphins (5 — train) and they (6 — take) part in performances that both children and grown-ups (7 — like). When you (8 — spend) your holiday on the Black Sea coast you (9 — can) see dolphins (10 — play) near the shore. They usually (11 — come) early in the morning and before sunset. They (12 — consider) to be our friends. No one ever (13 — see) a dolphin attack human beings.

#### 6.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. My dream is to visit ... Sahara.  
a) the, b) a, c) — , d) an.
2. The Second World War ... in 1939.  
a) broke out, b) broke up, c) broke open, d) broke off.
3. This test consists ... a number of multiple-choice questions.  
a) — , b) in, c) of, d) for.
4. She could ... open her eyes.  
a) hard, b) hardly, c) badly, d) well.
5. Peter ... since he left school.  
a) was working, b) works, c) has been working, d) will be working.
6. Jane is as ... as her elder sister.  
a) tall, b) taller, c) the tallest, d) much taller.
7. Take your umbrella. It ... .  
a) rain, b) rained, c) is raining, d) rains.
8. I knew him ... a considerate man.  
a) was, b) is, c) to be, d) be.
9. He said they ... to buy flowers for her.  
a) forgot, b) forget, c) have forgotten, d) had forgotten.
10. When I came they ... things.  
a) pack, b) packed, c) were packing, d) were packed.
11. Mrs White ... Mary that she was going away.  
a) said, b) told, c) talked, d) spoke.
12. This is ... very important news.  
a) a, b) the, c) — , d) an.
13. They ... yet.  
a) didn't arrive, b) haven't arrived, c) don't arrive, d) won't arrive.
14. How old ... when you got married?  
a) are you, b) will you be, c) were you, d) have you been.
15. I am not very good ... learning languages.  
a) at, b) in, c) of, d) while.
16. I don't know if she ... to the party.  
a) comes, b) will come, c) had come, d) would come.
17. You ... work hard to pass the exam.  
a) must, b) can, c) may, d) might.
18. Don't worry. All your expenses ... .  
a) will pay, b) will be paid, c) had been paid, d) are paying.
19. Is there ... strange in what she is saying?  
a) some, b) anything, c) any, d) no.
20. This time she has ... mistakes in her test.  
a) fewer, b) less, c) fewest, d) little.



## 6.5. Translate into English.

1. Мені буде важко перекладати цей текст без словника.
2. Мама сказала, що, коли прийде, розкаже нам останні новини.
3. Скільки коштує ця книга?
4. Яка річка довше: Дніпро чи Міссісіпі?
5. Школа - на іншій стороні вулиці.

## TEST 7

### 7.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

A London girl was spending her holiday in the country for the first time. One day she complained to the farmer that the bull had been running after her. She was very much frightened because she had never seen bulls before. "Well," said the farmer, "the bull was running after you because of the red blouse you were wearing." — "Dear me," said the girl, "of course, I understand that this blouse is awfully out of fashion. But I didn't know the bull would notice it."

1. The girl didn't understand why the bull had been running after her, did she?
2. How did the farmer explain the bull's behaviour?

### 7.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

A girl who came from London was spending her holiday in the country for the first time.

### 7.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

a)

In the 18th century the Russian Government (1 — send) Vitus Bering to explore the lands behind Russia. One day Bering (2 — discover) the strait which (3 — separate) North America from Asia. It (4 — name) after the discoverer. On a later voyage Bering (5 — see) the mainland of North America. This discovery (6 — give) Russia its right to Alaska. Bering (7 — die) before he (8 — can) take the good news back to Russia. But Chirikov and some other men of Bering's expedition (9 — come) back.

The Russians (10 — explore) the North American continent as far north as the Arctic Ocean. Others (11 — make) settlements or (12 — build) trading posts as far south as Northern California. Not long before G. Washington (13 — become) President of the US, the Russians (14 — make) a settlement in Alaska. For more than a hundred years trade (15 — carry) on between Russia and Alaska. During this time people from the US (16 — become) interested in this far northern territory. Some American ships (17 — sail) to the Arctic Ocean to fish. Others (18 — trade) with

Russian settlements. In 1867 the USA (19 — buy) Alaska. It (20 — sell) for a little more than seven million dollars.

Alaska (21 — be) the largest of all the states of the USA. It (22 — be) rich in minerals. There (23 — be) large forests, many animals and much fish there.

b)

Elephants can (1 — be) a danger to themselves. In one game park they (2 — grow) in number so fast that soon there (3 — be) too many of them. They (4 — destroy) everything as they (5 — look) for food and drink. Very soon they (6 — start) to ruin the countryside (7 — belong) to farmers outside the park. So a big hunt had to (8 — organize) to reduce their number.

Not long ago in Africa elephants (9 — live) in great numbers. Big-game hunters (10 — kill) many of them. Today elephants (11 — have) to live in game parks because people (12 — want) more and more land. But the elephants (13 — be) not safe in these parks either. Hunters (14 — kill) them because they (15 — have) something very valuable: ivory. If some measures not (16 — take), our children and grandchildren (17 — can) to see elephants only in the Zoo.

#### 7.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. It's so kind ... you to call me.  
a) for, b) with, c) of, d) on.
2. If my advice ... , I'll be happy.  
a) help, b) helps, c) will help, d) have helped.
3. I have never seen ... interesting film.  
a) so a, b) so an, c) such a, d) such an.
4. Her husband is twice as ... as she is.  
a) old, b) older, c) elder, d) the oldest.
5. You ... to come here again.  
a) must, b) may, c) should, d) have.
6. ... raining when you went out?  
a) Was there, b) Was it, c) Is there, d) Is it.
7. The noise of the broken glass made me ... .  
a) woke up, b) have woken up, c) to wake up, d) wake up.
8. Can you come on Monday evening? — Sorry, I'd love to but I ... volleyball.  
a) was playing, b) played, c) am playing, d) have played.
9. Are you interested ... working for us?  
a) at, b) in, c) of, d) for.
10. There wasn't... in the garden.  
a) some people, b) anybody, c) any people, d) no people.
11. ... in my class knows him.  
a) All, b) All pupils, c) All the pupils, d) Everyone.
12. His hands are dirty. He ... the car.  
a) repaired, b) repairs, c) has been repairing, d) will repair.
13. By the time I came she ... a cake.  
a) cooked, b) cooks, c) will cook, d) had cooked.

14. They ... us to do the room.  
a) said, b) told, c) spoke, d) talked.
15. He doesn't know this rule. Tom doesn't know it ... .  
a) too, b) either, c) also, d) neither.
16. ... tea is grown in many parts of Asia.  
a) The, b) — , c) A, d) An.
17. If he ... in Moscow, he'll visit us.  
a) is, b) will be, c) would be, d) were.
18. I don't like apples; ... ?  
a) you do, b) don't you, c) you don't, d) do you.
19. We all ... mistakes when we are in a hurry.  
a) do, b) make, c) did, d) made.
20. I haven't been home ... yesterday.  
a) for, b) since, c) after, d) before.

### 7.5. Translate into English.

1. Ти не знаєш, де вона живе?
2. - Ти зробила п'яту вправу? - Ні ще, я її саме зараз роблю.
3. На столі була ваза з квітами і фрукти,
4. Стаття була опублікована в газеті на цьому тижні.
5. Цю п'єсу варто подивитися.

## TEST 8

### 8.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

Once Mark Twain was invited to the opera. All through the opera his friend's wife was talking to her husband. She talked so much and so loudly that Mark Twain could hardly hear anything. After the performance she said to Mark Twain, "Dear Mark Twain, may I invite you to the opera again next Friday? The opera will be 'Carmen' you are sure to like it." — "Thank you very much," said Mark Twain, "that will be fine. I haven't heard you in 'Carmen' yet."

1. Why couldn't Mark Twain enjoy the opera?
2. Was the lady going to sing in "Carmen"?

### 8.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

All through the opera his friend's wife was talking to her husband.

### 8.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

Mr Sherlock Holmes (1 — sit) one morning at the breakfast table in his room in Baker Street. His friend Dr Watson (2 — stand) near the window (3 — examine) a

walking stick which a visitor (4 — leave) the day before. "To Dr Mortimer, from his friend," (5 — write) upon it, the date (6 — be) 1884. Sherlock Holmes suddenly (7 — turn) to Watson and (8 — say), "The owner of this stick (9 — have) a dog which (10 — be) larger than a terrier and smaller than a mastiff." Watson (11 — surprise). He (12 — ask), "How you (13 — know)?"

"I (14 — examine) that stick carefully and (15 — notice) the marks of a dog's teeth on it," (16 — answer) Holmes. "They (17 — be) too broad for a terrier and not broad enough for a mastiff. I (18 — suppose) the dog often (19 — carry) the stick behind its master. I (20 — suppose) it (21 — be) a spaniel, in fact it (22 — be) a spaniel."

Holmes (23 — leave) the breakfast table and (24 — stand) near the window as he (25 — say) this. Watson (26 — look) at him in surprise and (27 — ask) how he (28 — can) be so sure of that.

"I (29 — be) sure of it because I (30 — see) the dog at our door and I (31 — hear) the bell which its master (32 — ring). I (33 — wonder) why Dr Mortimer (34 — want) to see Mr Sherlock Holmes. Well, we soon (35 — know). (36 — come) in," he (37 — add). There (38 — be) a knock at the door. The door (39 — open) and Dr Mortimer (40 — appear) in the doorway.

#### 8.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. Who ... you English at school?  
a) taught, b) is taught, c) was taught, d) have taught.
2. When ... you last... to the theatre?  
a) did you go, b) have you gone, c) will you go, d) were you going.
3. This money ... not enough to buy the book.  
a) is, b) are, c) has, d) have.
4. The newspapers ... .  
a) have brought, b) will bring, c) have been brought, d) was brought.
5. ... Tom ... Eric are good players.  
a) as... as..., b) and... and..., c) both... and..., d) like... so... .
6. There are ... days in February than in other months.  
a) more, b) less, c) few, d) fewer.
7. Martha is ... in English Literature.  
a) interest, b) interesting, c) interested, d) interests.
8. I don't know any American songs. — ... .  
a) So do I, b) So am I, c) Neither do I, d) Neither am I.
9. Do you know ... man that lives next door?  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.
10. They ... to return next Monday.  
a) are sure, b) was sure, c) are not sure, d) weren't sure.
11. By the time we got to the party, most of the guests... .  
a) left, b) have left, c) will leave, d) had left.
12. What are you going to do after you ... school?  
a) finish, b) finished, c) will finish, d) will have finished.

13. The Dnieper is not ... long as the Volga.  
a) such, b) so, c) that, d) — .
14. Must I do this work today? — No, you ... .  
a) mustn't, b) can't, c) may not, d) needn't.
15. We shall wait until they ... .  
a) come, b) don't come, c) will come, d) won't come.
16. ... of them know what it is.  
a) Somebody, b) Nobody, c) Some, d) Any.
17. I have ... time, I can wait.  
a) little, b) a little, c) few, d) a few.
18. The ... document worried me.  
a) lost, b) losing, c) being lost, d) having lost.
19. They put off the party ... next Saturday.  
a) on, b) for, c) in, d) at.
20. Who are these people? — ... our foreign guests.  
a) It is, b) There is, c) There are, d) They are.

### 8.5. Translate into English.

1. Ці відомості дуже важливі.
2. Куди ви їздили на канікулах?
3. Мені доведеться перекласти іще один текст.
4. Ми сподівалися, що погода буде гарна.
5. Як часто він ходить в спортзал?

## TEST 9

### 9.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

Enrico Caruso, a famous Italian singer, often said, "No one is so well-known as he thinks." He knew it by his own experience. Once he came to the United States to give concerts. One day he was driving to New York and his car broke down. It was near the farm and he asked the farmer to help him repair the car. When the car was repaired, Caruso paid the farmer for his work and gave him his photograph with his name on it. The farmer read the name on the photograph and cried out, "What a luck! I've never dreamed of receiving the greatest traveller Robinson Crusoe in my house!"

1. What did Caruso know by his own experience?
2. Who did the farmer, take Caruso for?

### 9.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

Once Enrico Caruso, a famous Italian singer, came to the US to give concerts.

### 9.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

When he (1 — be) twenty-three years old Paul Morel (2 — send) a landscape to the winter picture show at Nottingham Castle. His pictures already (3 — admire) greatly and (4 — talk) much about.

One morning the young postman (5 — come) just as Paul (6 — wash up) in the kitchen. Suddenly Paul (7 — hear) a loud cry that (8 — come) from the front door. He (9 — hurry) to the door and (10 — find) his mother with a letter in her hand that the postman (11 — hand) to her.

Mrs Morel (12 — cry): "Hurrah!"

Paul (13 — surprise) and (14 — shock). "Why, Mother!" he (15 — exclaim). "Hurrah, my boy! I (16 — know) you (17 — get) it!" He (18 — be) afraid for her — that small woman with grey hair who (19 — cry) so excitedly. The postman (20 — come) back, as he (21 — be) afraid something (22 — happen). Mrs Morel (23 — open) the door to him.

"His picture (24 — get) the first prize, Fred!" she (25 — cry).

"And it (26 — buy) by a Major Moreton!"

The young postman, whom they (27 — know) all their life (28 — be) glad he (29 — bring) such an important letter.

"The letter (30 — say) how much the picture (31 — sell) for?"

"It (32 — sell) for 20 guineas!"

Paul (33 — follow) his mother into the room. He (34 — be) sure she (35 — make) some mistake reading the letter and now he (36 — want) to read it. He slowly (37 — read) the letter over unable to believe that it (38 — be) true.

"Mother!" he (39 — exclaim).

"Didn't I say we (40 — do) it, Paul!"

#### 9.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. When she arrived we ... dinner.  
a) have had, b) were having, c) are having, d) will have.
2. He ... school this year.  
a) finished, b) was finished, c) has finished, d) is finished.
3. They ... by 5 o'clock.  
a) returned, b) had returned, c) have returned, d) has returned.
4. I wonder when we ... their letter.  
a) receive, b) have received, c) will receive, d) are receiving.
5. ... you do me a favour?  
a) can, b) may, c) should, d) need.
6. He ... spend more time in the open air.  
a) has, b) need, c) should, d) ought.
7. Tom works ... at his English.  
a) hard, b) hardly, c) well, d) badly.
8. My car ... repairing.  
a) must, b) must be, c) needs, d) hasn't.
9. Have you seen the film ... ?  
a) already, b) ever, c) yet, d) just.

10. Ann enjoys ... to classical music.  
a) to listen, b) listening, c) being listened, d) having listened.
11. What did you...?  
a) speak, b) talk, c) say, d) tell.
12. He spent his childhood in ... Scotland.  
a) a, b) an, c) the, d) — .
13. John is twice as ... as his sister.  
a) old, b) older, c) oldest, d) the oldest.
14. She did ... she had been told.  
a) like, b) as, c) how, d) as well as.
15. Her grandmother is ... 70.  
a) near, b) nearly, c) close, d) closely.
16. ... snowing at night.  
a) It is, b) It was, c) There is, d) There was.
17. I haven't done ... wrong.  
a) something, b) anything, c) nothing, d) no.
18. He heard somebody ... .  
a) talking, b) talked, c) to talk, d) being talked.
19. Mother ... to return on Sunday.  
a) expects, b) expected, c) has expected, d) is expected.
20. He ... two foreign languages in childhood.  
a) taught, b) has taught, c) is taught, d) was taught.

### **9.5. Translate into English.**

1. Вона вже закінчила школу, так?
2. Цікаво, на яких ще іноземних мовах він говорить.
3. Куди вони їдуть на відпочинок?
4. Це сталося багато років тому.
5. Ми знали, що він стримає обіцянку, якщо нічого не станеться.

## **TEST 10**

### **10.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.**

At a school examination the teacher handed out the question papers to all the children, looked at her watch and said that they were to finish their work in an hour. The children read the question papers and started writing the answers. At ten o'clock the teacher collected the papers and saw that one of the children hadn't written anything and was still reading his question paper. "Is any question troubling you?" the teacher asked. "Not at all," he answered, "it's the answers that are troubling me."

1. What time did the written examination begin?
2. Why didn't the pupil write anything?

## 10.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

At ten o'clock the teacher collected the papers and saw that one of the children hadn't written anything.

## 10.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

Isaac Newton so much (1 — interest) in different problems that he (2 — become) quite absent-minded. One day a gentleman (3 — come) to see him, but he (4 — tell) that Sir Isaac Newton (5 — be) busy in his study and that nobody (6 — allow) to disturb him.

As it (7 — be) dinner time, the visitor (8 — sit) down in the dinning room (9 — wait) for the scientist. The servant (10 — come) in and (11 — place) on the table a (12 — boil) chicken under a cover. An hour (13 — pass) but Newton not (14 — appear). The gentleman (15 — feel) hungry, (16 — eat) the chicken, and (17 — cover) up the skeleton. He (18 — ask) the servant to prepare another one for his master.

Before the second chicken (19 — cook), however, the scientist (20 — enter) the room and (21 — apologize) for his delay. Then he (22 — add), "As I (23 — feel) rather tired and hungry, I (24 — hope) you (25 — excuse) me a little longer, while I (26 — take) my dinner, and then I (27 — be) at your service." With these words he (28 — lift) the cover, and without emotion (29 — turn) round to the gentleman and (30 — say), "See how strange scientists (31 — be). I quite (32 — forget) that I (33 — dine) already."

At this moment the servant (34 — bring) in the other chicken. The visitor (35 — explain) how matters (36 — stand). After he (37 — laugh) heartily, the hungry scientist (38 — sit) down and (39 — eat) his dinner.

## 10.4. Chose the correct variant.

- I want to tell you ... interesting.  
a) some, b) something, c) somebody, d) somewhere.
- ... postman comes every morning.  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.
- Mike is a careless driver, he drives ... than you.  
a) good, b) better, c) bad, d) worse.
- Look ... the window. Is it raining outside?  
a) at, b) to, c) out of, d) through.
- You ... leave earlier today if you want.  
a) may, b) must, c) have to, d) should.
- Sam had to take his exam one more time, ... he?  
a) had, b) hadn't, c) did, d) didn't.
- In the sitting room there ... a table, four chairs, a TV set and a sofa.  
a) is, b) are, c) has, d) have.
- How many ... pages must I translate?



- a) yet, b) still, c) more, d) other.
9. I watch the news ... on TV at 9 o'clock regularly.  
a) showing, b) shown, c) showed, d) having shown.
10. He didn't expect... such a question.  
a) to ask, b) asking, c) to be asked, d) being asked.
11. She ... in the library the whole evening yesterday.  
a) works, b) is working, c) has worked, d) was working.
12. We shall go to the country if the weather ... fine.  
a) is, b) was, c) will be, d) has been.
13. I hope they ... my telegram by tomorrow morning.  
a) receive, b) will receive, c) have received, d) will have received.
14. She ... before Mother came back.  
a) left, b) has left, c) had left, d) was left.
15. He ... to tell the truth.  
a) asked, b) asks, c) was asking, d) was asked.
16. Where ... you ... this weekend?  
a) have ... spent, b) did ... spend, c) was ... spent, d) is ... spent.
17. I wonder what time ... now.  
a) it is, b) it was, c) it has been, d) is it.
18. John said he never ... the film before.  
a) saw, b) has seen, c) had seen, d) has been seen.
19. She ... wonderful today.  
a) looks, b) is looked, c) was looking, d) looked.
20. What would you do if you ... me?  
a) are, b) were, c) have been, d) will be.

### **10.5. Translate into English.**

1. Він живуть зовсім близько.
2. Ми дізналися, що вони одружені вже три роки.
3. Ці туфлі трохи відрізняються від моїх.
4. Після лекції було багато питань.
5. - Я візьму рибу на друге. - Я теж.

## **TEST 11**

### **11.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.**

The school teacher of History was having the last class of the school year. At the end he spoke about the final examination in history. He said that each pupil should devote all the remaining time preparing for the final examination. "The examination papers are being typed now," he said. "Are there any questions concerning the exam?" There was a long silence and then one of the pupils stood up and asked, "Who is typing the examination cards?"

1. What examination did the teacher speak about?
2. Why did the pupil want to know who the typist was?

### 11.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

The school teacher of History was having the last class of the school year and at the end he spoke about the final examination in history.

### 11.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

Jack Jones (1 — leave) his office at 6 p.m. He (2 — have) a very busy day. He (3 — walk) home and in a few minutes (4 — reach) the street where he (5 — live) for many years. What he (6 — see) as he (7 — come) round the corner (8 — make) him very angry. A man just (9 — get) out of a car (10 — park) right in front of the gate of Mr Jones' house. There (11 — be) the "No Parking" notice that he (12 — put) in the frontgarden. Mr Jones (13 — get) angry, he (14 — change) into the clothes he always (15 — wear) when (16 — work) in the garden and (17 — go) out.

The houses farther down the street (18 — have) no cars (19 — park) outside them. This (20 — be) because a few weeks earlier "Police Notice— No Parking" in clear white letters (21 — fix) up. Suddenly an idea (22 — start) to form in his mind.

A little while later he (23 — take) his wife out to see what he (24 — do). To her surprise she (25 — find) that the little black and white "No Parking" notice (26 — take down) and in its place (27 — be) a new board (28 — paint) bright blue with white letters on it which (29 — say) "Polite Notice— No Parking." Since that time Jones never (30 — trouble) with cars (31 — park) outside the gate of his house again. It (32 — be) a funny thing, but true, that people usually (33 — read) what they (34 — expect) to see. Hardly anyone (35 — notice) that it (36 — be) a "polite notice" and not a "police notice" that (37 — write) in his front garden.

### 11.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. His little sister is fond ... to before she goes to sleep.
  - a) of reading, b) to read, c) of being read, d) of having read.
2. They ... to have returned.
  - a) say, b) said, c) have said, d) are said.
3. We didn't know how much time it ... us to finish the work.
  - a) takes, b) took, c) will take, d) would take.
4. Hurry up, the train ... in a minute.
  - a) is leaving, b) was leaving, c) has left, d) will be left.
5. You will not be able to speak English unless you... hard at it.
  - a) will work, b) work, c) don't work, d) won't work.
6. I ... the Browns all my life.
  - a) know, b) knew, c) have known, d) had known.
7. He said he ... us during the weekend.
  - a) visited, b) would visit, c) will visit, d) visit.

8. The autumn ... very rainy this year.  
a) has been, b) was, c) had been, d) was being.
9. ... half of the story I gave it up.  
a) Reading, b) Read, c) Having read, d) Having been read.
10. We hope the weather won't change for the ... .  
a) good, b) better, c) bad, d) worse.
11. It was ... an exciting story.  
a) so, b) such, c) as, d) so much.
12. We are looking forward ... seeing this film.  
a) to, b) at, c) for, d) on.
13. The novel is highly ... of.  
a) said, b) told, c) spoken, d) talked.
14. She looked at him ....  
a) anger, b) angry, c) angrily, d) being angry.
15. Bill ... to be at the station at 3.  
a) must, b) should, c) is, d) will be.
16. There's light in the house, they ... be at home.  
a) have, b) can't, c) mustn't, d) must.
17. She works ... a secretary at an office.  
a) as, b) like, c) alike, d) so.
18. You didn't have to use adictionary, ... you?  
a) did, b) didn't, c) had, d) hadn't.
19. Which book shall I give you? — ... book will do.  
a) Some, b) Any, c) No, d) Anything.
20. He is ... man who robbed the bank.  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.

### **11.5. Translate into English.**

1. Мої годинник зупинився, я не знаю, котра зараз година.
2. Хто-небудь ще бачив, як ти виходив зі школи?
3. У тексті було мало незнайомих слів, і я зміг зрозуміти його, не користуючись словником.
4. Вони переїхали на нову квартиру в минулому місяці.
5. Не відкривай вікно, тут холодно.

## TEST 12

### 12.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

An American was travelling in Switzerland and once he was taken by a local man to the hills. The man shouted, "Hello!" and after about five minutes the echo came back. "You can't have that in America, can you?" said the Swiss. "Yes, we can," replied the American. "At my house in the hills, every night before I go to bed, I put my head out of the door and shout, 'It's time to get up.' Nine hours later the echo wakes me up."

1. How long did it take the echo in Switzerland to come back?
2. Did the American tell the truth?

### 12.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

An American was travelling in Switzerland and once he was taken by a local man to the hills.

### 12.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

There (1 — be) many ways of (2 — get) to know people and their country. One way (3 — be) to get a job there.

My friend and I (4 — think) it (5 — look) just what we (6 — dream) of for the summer holiday in England. We (7 — can) improve our English, and it not (8 — cost) us anything, and we probably (9 — make) enough money (10— have) a week or two in London at the end.

In June we (11 — set) off for Sonnybrook Fruit Farm in East Anglia. We (12 — find) the farm building, but there (13 — be) no one about. We (14 — knock) on the door of the farmhouse, it (15— open) by a woman. We (16 — explain) to her what we (17 — come) for.

Then we (18 — take) to a low white building which (19 — be) our accommodation. We (20 — be) to pay 20 pounds per week for this and food. There (21 — be) other students too, from different countries. They (22 — tell) us a lot of things. They (23 — say) there (24 — be) not enough work for everyone, and you (25 — have) to be up early if you (26 — want) to work.

The next day we (27 — come) to the farmyard by 7. That day we (28 — be) lucky. We (29 — send) to pick strawberries. Some of the others who (30 — pick) strawberries before (31 — tell) us what to do. We (32 — start) working. After I (33 — work) for five minutes I (34 — get) a backache, but I (35 — keep) on (36 — work). We (37 — work) hard till twelve when we (38 — have) an hour off for lunch. By that time I (39 — pick) thirteen boxes and my friend (40 — do) fourteen.

#### 12.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. I must ... this work today.  
a) make, b) do, c) be making, d) be doing.
2. How ... times did you call me?  
a) much, b) many, c) little, d) few.
3. It's quiet today, ... no wind.  
a) it is, b) there is, c) it was, d) there was.
4. This test is ... difficult for me to do.  
a) too, b) enough, c) even, d) still.
5. Shall I give you ... more tea?  
a) some, b) any, c) no, d) much.
6. He was ... injured in the accident.  
a) bad, b) badly, c) very, d) strongly.
7. What did he ... ?  
a) speak, b) talk, c) say, d) tell.
8. Do you remember when you went to the theatre ... ?  
a) last, b) last time, c) at last, d) for the last time.
9. Mary doesn't learn Spanish, ... ?  
a) does it, b) doesn't it, c) doesn't she, d) does she.
10. Can you tell me what time ... ?  
a) is it, b) it is, c) is there, d) there is.
11. The more you do now, the ... will be left for tomorrow.  
a) more, b) -much, c) less, d) little.
12. Why ... I ask anybody for help, I can do it myself.  
a) can, b) could, c) have, d) should.
13. By the end of the next week they ... all the exams.  
a) have passed, b) had passed, c) will have passed, d) will pass.
14. Everybody ... the film is interesting.  
a) say, b) says, c) said, d) have said.
15. We were sorry we ... the bus.  
a) miss, b) missed, c) have missed, d) had missed.
16. We have not decided yet when we ... into the new flat.  
a) move, b) moved, c) shall move, d) would move.
17. Ted suggested ... the party at his place.  
a) holding, b) to hold, c) having held, d) being held.
18. There are heavy clouds in the sky, it ... to rain soon.  
a) is unlikely, b) is sure, c) is possible, d) seems.
19. All the books ... .  
a) have sold, b) sold, c) have been sold, d) had been.
20. I'd like him ... a success.  
a) to be, b) to have been, c) being, d) will be.

## 12.5. Translate into English.

1. Що ти читаєш? - Я читаю цікаву статтю в газеті.
2. У нашій школі французький не викладають.
3. Я тобі дзвонив сьогодні кілька разів.
4. В який інститут ти збираєшся поступати?
5. Коли я була маленькою, я думала, що хліб росте на деревах.

## TEST 13

### 13.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

Two men were boasting to each other about how rich their families were. One said, "My father's farm is so big that when my mother goes off to milk the cows on Monday morning she gets back only on Saturday evening." — "Really?" said the other. "Well, I think that's a pretty big farm but it would look like a small garden if compared with my father's farm." — "How big is your father's farm?" asked the first man. "Well, when my father sends a young married couple to milk the cows their grandchildren bring the milk back home."

1. How long does it take the first man's mother to get the milk home?
2. Which of the two men was more boastful?

### 13.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

Two men were boasting to each other about how rich their families were.

### 13.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

It (1 — be) a hot day. When Marian and her father (2 — enter) the woods, it (3 — begin) to rain. But they not (4 — mind) that, because it (5 — feel) nice and cool. They (6 — run) down into the valley. At the bottom of the valley (7 — be) a small river and a bridge over it. This place (8 — call) "Robin Leap." They (9 — stop) for a while to admire the view.

Marian (10 — ask) her father why it (11 — call) "Robin Leap." Her father (12 — say): "They (13 — say) Prince John on horseback (14 — come) after Robin Hood who (15 — be) on foot. When they (16 — come) to this place R. Hood (17 — think) he (18 — catch) because there (19 — be) no bridge in those days. But to the Prince's surprise Robin Hood (20 — jump) over the river and (21 — get) away."

Marian (22 — wonder) if her father (23 — believe) it (24 — be) true. Her father (25 — say) he (26 — be) not quite sure.

They (27 — run) deeper into the woods. Suddenly they (28 — begin) to hear thunder and (29 — see) lightning in the sky. It (30 — pour) down now, but Marian's father (31 — say) it (32 — stop) in a minute.

Suddenly there (33 — be) a tremendous flash. Marian (34 — throw) into some bushes. She (35 — realize) she (36 — strike) by lightning. Slowly she (37 — sit) up, her legs (38 — bleed), but she not (39 — hurt) badly. Then she (40 — see) her father. He (41 — fall) under a tree and couldn't move.

### 13.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. ... birthday party was very interesting.  
a) — , b) A, c) An, d) The.
2. I understood how ... I knew about it and felt ashamed.  
a) much, b) little, c) many, d) few.
3. We are going to the theatre ... Saturday.  
a) on, b) in, c) at, d) after.
4. I believe her ... it.  
a) know, b) knowing, c) to know, d) known.
5. Nobody likes ... at.  
a) to laugh, b) laughing, c) to be laughed, d) laughed.
6. The children enjoyed ... in the garden.  
a) play, b) playing, c) to play, d) played.
7. There is ... place like home.  
a) no, b) some, c) any, d) somewhere.
8. The Volga is longer ... the Thames.  
a) as, b) so, c) like, d) than.
9. We usually have dinner at home, ... we?  
a) have, b) haven't, c) do, d) don't.
10. You ... see the film to know what it is about.  
a) can, b) have, c) needn't, d) should.
11. ... a long way to walk and we were tired.  
a) It is, b) There is, c) It was, d) There isn't.
12. The news ... very exciting.  
a) is, b) are, c) were, d) have been.
13. When I entered the office I ... to give my name.  
a) asked, b) asking, c) was asked, d) have been asked.
14. She wanted to know where ... spend her holidays.  
a) will she, b) she will, c) would she, d) she would.
15. Ann ... the article since morning.  
a) translates, b) is translating, c) has been translating, d) has translated.
16. The weather forecast said the weather ... tomorrow.  
a) changes, b) is changing, c) would change, d) will change.
17. ... my things I went out to find a taxi.  
a) Packing, b) Packed, c) Being packed, d) Having packed.
18. What ... you ... about all the time?

- a) are ... speaking, b) are ... saying» b) are ... telling, c) have ... telling.  
 19. You haven't read this novel, have you? — ... , I couldn't find the book.  
 a) Yes, I have, b) Yes, I haven't, c) No, I have, d) No, I haven't.  
 20. The plane ... to have landed.  
 a) announced, b) was announced, c) announce, d) announces.

### 13.5. Translate into English.

1. Я б міг йому допомогти, якби він попросив. У мене є трохи часу.
2. Якщо ти комусь скажеш про це, я розсерджуся.
3. Говори, будь ласка, голосніше, мені нічого не чути.
4. Що ти робиш на зимових канікулах?
5. Ми приготували обід до того, як батьки повернулися.

## TEST 14

### 14.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

A passenger was travelling in a train. Suddenly he wanted his handkerchief and couldn't find it in his pocket. He accused the fellow passenger, who was in the same compartment, of stealing it. He continued to look for it and at last found it in his back pocket. He began to apologize to the fellow passenger for accusing him. "I am awfully sorry, I was mistaken," he said. But the passenger said calmly, "It's all right. We were both mistaken. You thought I was a thief, and I thought you were a gentleman."

1. Why did the man accuse his fellow passenger of stealing his handkerchief?
2. Who put the handkerchief into the passenger's back pocket?

### 14.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

Suddenly the passenger wanted his handkerchief and couldn't find it in his pocket.

### 14.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

An Englishman who (1 — be) in France on a short visit (2 — want) to go back to England. He (3 — spend) all his money and (4 — have) only enough to pay for his ticket. As he (5 — know) that the trip (6 — take) only two days he (7 — decide) that he (8 — can) to live without (9 — eat) those two days. So he (10 — buy) a ticket and (11 — get) on the ship. When dinner time (12 — come), he (13 — be) very hungry, but he (14 — say) he (15 — be) not. In the evening he (16 — be) even more hungry, but when the waiter (17 — come) and (18 — ask) why he not (19 — want) to have supper, he (20 — say) he (21 — be) seasick and (22 — go) to sleep hungry. The next



morning the Englishman (23 — feel) half-dead with hunger. He (24 — decide) he (25 — eat) even if they (26 — throw) him into the sea. So when dinner time (27 — come) he (28 — go) to the dining room and (29 — eat) everything that (30 — put) before him on the table. When dinner (31 — be) over he quickly (32 — get) up and (33 — go) to his cabin.

In the evening when the ship (34 — near) London he (35 — eat) his supper and (36 — ask) the waiter to bring him the bill for the dinner and the supper he (37 — eat). But the waiter (38 — tell) him that the meals (39 — pay) for together with the ticket. The Englishman (40 — disappoint).

#### 14.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. This is a picture of ... town where I was born.  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.
2. I read the story from ... beginning to ... end.  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.
3. The Smiths are ... on holidays.  
a) in, b) out, c) away, d) over.
4. I wonder where ... now.  
a) is he, b) he is, c) was he, d) he was.
5. I'm afraid we can do ... to help him.  
a) something, b) anything, c) nothing, d) everything.
6. Jane isn't ... enough to go out to parties.  
a) tall, b) beautiful, c) clever, d) old.
7. We'll do our ... to win the contest.  
a) good, b) better, c) best, d) well.
8. It's cold here. Can we look for ... room?  
a) other, b) others, c) the other, d) some other.
9. I remember ... her the book.  
a) give, b) to give, c) giving, d) being.
10. We used ... next-door neighbours.  
a) to be, b) being, c) having been, d) to have been.
11. When ... that unexpected questions I didn't know what to answer.  
a) asking, b) asked, c) was asked, d) being asked.
12. We know Robert ... school last year.  
a) to finish, b) to be finishing, c) to be finished, d) to have finished.
13. I can't hear anything. Will you stop ... ?  
a) talking, b) talk, c) to talk, d) having talked.
14. How long you ... speak English?  
a) can, b) could, c) have been able to, d) did you have to.
15. When you phoned me I ... a newspaper.  
a) read, b) am reading, c) have read, d) was reading.
16. There was nothing interesting, ... ?  
a) wasn't it, b) was it, c) wasn't there, d) was there.

17. This fish ... look fresh to me.  
 a) isn't it, b) doesn't, c) aren't, d) don't.
18. Please, find out if the timetable ... .  
 a) change, b) is changing, c) changed, d) has changed.
19. We thought you ... later.  
 a) come, b) came, c) have come, d) would come.
20. I want you to do as you ... .  
 a) tell, b) are telling, c) are told, d) were telling.

#### 14.5. Translate into English.

1. Ви спізналися на кілька хвилин. Директор щойно пішов.
2. Вона сказала, що, якщо ми прийдемо раніше, то зможемо послухати музику.
3. Цих грошей не вистачить, щоб купити словник.
4. Ми дружимо з дитинства.
5. Колись ми ходили в кіно раз на тиждень.

## TEST 15

### 15.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

The father of a famous English actress didn't allow her to marry an actor. Nevertheless, one day he was told that his daughter had secretly married one of the actors of his company. The father got angry and decided to punish them both. "Why did you marry an actor when I told you not to do it," he shouted at her, "and besides he is the worst actor in my company who can hardly be called an actor!" — "So dear father, I have obeyed your orders," said the young actress. I have married someone whom you can't call an actor."

1. What did the young actress do against her father's will?
2. What was the father's mistake?

### 15.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

The father of a famous English actress didn't allow her to marry an actor.

### 15.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

Rob Jonkins almost (1 — have) a nervous breakdown and his doctor (2 — advise) him to go to a quiet and peaceful place.

Rob (3 — decide) (4 — go) to Cornwall the next weekend. Penquay (5 — be) a very small fishing village. There (6 — be) no trains <?r buses to Penquay so he (7 —

have) to drive. It (8 — be) a long journey, and Rob (9 — arrive) late on Friday evening. He (10 — meet) by the landlady of the quest house, Mrs Doone. He (11 — show) to *his* room. Rob (12 — be) very tired and (13 — go) straight to bed. He (14 — sleep) well and not (15 — wake) up until nine o'clock the next morning.

Rob (16 — go) downstairs for breakfast. Because there (17 — be) no other guests Mrs Doone (18 — invite) him to have breakfast with her and her daughter, Catherine, who already (19 — come) to the dining room. She (20 — be) about thirteen years old. Mrs Doone (21 — go) to the kitchen (22 — prepare) breakfast. Rob and Catherine (23 — look) at each other nervously for a few seconds, before Rob asked why there (24 — be) four places at the table. Catherine (25 — say) it (26 — be) her father's place, who (27— go) out in his boat three years before and never (28 — return). Nobody (29 — know) what (30 — happen) to him. But mother always (31 — keep) that place for him, because she (32 — hope) he (33 — come) back. "My mother (34 — wait) for him for three years," said Catherine.

Rob (35 — see) a photograph on the wall and (36 — stare) at the empty chair. Suddenly he (37 — hear) footsteps outside the door and (38 — see) a tall man, with black beard he (39 — see) in the photograph, enter the room. Rob (40 — rush) out of the room.

#### 15.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. ... Petrovs have moved into a new flat.  
a) — , b) A, c) An, d) The.
2. ... time I meet her she is walking with a dog.  
a) Some, b) Any, c) Every, d) All.
3. He ... gets up very early, he isn't an early riser.  
a) always, b) often, c) normally, d) never.
4. ... a swimming pool in their garden.  
a) It is, b) There is, c) It has been, d) There were.
5. The clock ... stopped.  
a) has, b) is, c) was, d) were.
6. When did you see each other ... ?  
a) last time, b) last, c) at last, d) latest.
7. The episode isn't worth ... .  
a) mention, b) mentioning, c) to mention, d) to be mentioned.
8. She was busy all days of the week ... Saturday.  
a) except, b) besides, c) but for, d) in addition to.
9. Was anybody ... present during the conversation?  
a) other, b) more, c) else, d) still.
10. This book can be found in ... library, you'll have no problem.  
a) some, b) any, c) no, d) none.
11. The ... you talk about it the better.  
a) much, b) many, c) little, d) less.
12. ... nervous he couldn't understand the question.  
a) Being, b) Having been, c) Was, d) Been.

13. We expect them ... in a few days.  
a) returning, b) return, c) to return, d) to have returned.
14. She wants to have her hair ... .  
a) cutting, b) cut, c) to cut, d) to have cut.
15. What would he do if he ... me? a) is, b) was, c) were, d) will be.
16. She ... stay away from school because she was ill.  
a) can, b) may, c) was able to, d) was allowed to.
17. It ... ever since morning today.  
a) rains, b) is raining, c) has been raining, d) was raining.
18. We knew if we ... a taxi, we would come on time.  
a) take, b) took, c) have taken, d) had taken.
19. Schoolchildren ... to know Russian literature.  
a) suppose, b) supposed, c) are supposed, d) have supposed.
20. Where are the foreign tourists? — They ... on a sightseeing tour.  
a) are taking, b) are taken, c) have taken, d) have been taken.

### **15.5. Translate into English.**

1. В Африці ніколи не йде сніг.
2. Вам скажуть, коли ви повинні прийти.
3. Я чекала вас біля входу в театр.
4. Можете не приходити завтра.
5. Учитель сказав, що ми обговоримо п'єсу на наступному занятті.

## **TEST 16**

### **16.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.**

A passenger addressed a lady travelling in the same compartment:

"Have you a family, madam?"

"Yes sir, one son."

"Indeed! Does he smoke?"

"No, sir, he has never touched a cigarette."

"So much the better, madam. Tobacco is poison. Does he drink wine?"

"Oh, no, he has never taken a drop of it."

"Then I congratulate you. Does he come late at night?"

"Never. He always goes to bed right after dinner."

"He is a model young man, madam. How old is he?"

"Five years, sir."

1. Why did the man call the lady's son a model young man?
2. Where did the conversation take place?

## 16.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

He always goes to bed right after dinner.

## 16.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

So far everything (1 — be) good. Mick and Bidy (2 — get) into Mrs Simpson's house and (3 — find) the Picasso painting in the sitting room. Bidy (4 — put) it into the bag and (5 — climb) out of the window.

Mick (6 — be) about to follow her when the light (7 — go) on and he (8 — see) Mrs Simpson in the doorway.

"What you (9 — think) you (10- do)?" (11 — ask) Mrs Simpson. She (12 — run) to the telephone, but Mick (13 — get) there first. He (14— put) his hand over her mouth, then (15 — gag) her with a scarf. Mrs Simpson (16 — try) to make a noise (17 — stare) at him. From outside the window Mick (18 — hear) Bidy (19 — whisper), "What (20 — happen)?"

Mick (21 — pull) a rope out of his pocket and (22 — tie) Mrs Simpson's hands behind her back. Mrs Simpson (23 — make) louder noises and Mick (24 — say), "What (25 — be) the matter? I (26 — take) the gag off if you (27 — promise) you not (28 — scream)." Mrs Simpson (29 — nod) and Mick (30 — take) the gag off.

Mick (31 — be) on the way to the window when Mrs Simpson (32 — ask) him to untie her hands before he (33 — leave). He (34 — do) it and (35 — run) like mad to the window. Mrs Simpson (36 — ring) the police, "This (37 — be) Fiona Simpson (38 — ring), I just (39 — have) a burglary. Yes, a Picasso. No, the real one (40 — hide) in a safe."

## 16.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. There ... three sheep in the yard.  
a) is, b) was, c) has been, d) are.
2. The concert is ... over.  
a) near, b) nearly, c) about, d) always.
3. What are you looking ... ?— Gloves, I can't find them.  
a) on, b) at, c) f6r, d) of.
4. I like the idea. It sounds ... to me.  
a) good, b) well, c) bad, d) badly.
5. Nothing could make her ... her mind.  
a) change, b) changing, c) to change, d) to have changed.
6. When ... the road look left, then right.  
a) cross, b) to cross, c) crossing, d) to be crossing.
7. She is happy ... the final examination successfully.  
a) to pass, b) to be passing, c) to be passed, d) to have passed.
8. Has ... happened? She looks upset.  
a) something, b) anything, c) nothing, d) somewhat.

9. They watched the car ... at the entrance.  
a) stop, b) stopped, c) to stop, d) to have stopped.
10. Jane is known ... the first prize in the competition.  
a) to win, b) to be won, c) to have won, d) winning.
11. We did not... ask her twice, she agreed at once.  
a) can, b) ought to, c) have to, d) must.
12. How ... pages have you read?  
a) much, b) many, c) more, d) most.
13. Judy came 5 minutes ... than her husband.  
a) late, b) later, c) latest, d) least.
14. Ann suggested ... to the concert.  
a) to go, b) to be going, c) going, d) to have gone.
15. If I were you I... the book.  
a) bought, b) have bought, c) will buy, d) would buy.
16. We didn't know their address ... .  
a) also, b) too, c) either, d) neither.
17. The children promised to call their parents as soon as they ... .  
a) arrive, b) will arrive, c) arrived, d) would arrive.
18. It ... three years since we last met.  
a) is, b) was, c) has been, d) have been.
19. They ... by 5.  
a) have returned, b) had returned, c) returned, d) has returned.
20. Nobody knew where ... at the moment.  
a) she is, b) she has been, c) she was, d) had been.

### **16.5. Translate into English.**

1. Про цей фільм останнім часом багато говорять.
2. Що ви робили вчора в цей час?
3. Де ви шили собі це плаття?
4. Я теж не знаю, де він.
5. Вона запитала, де найближче метро.

## **TEST 17**

### **17.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.**

A doctor was often stopped by one of his patients in the street and asked for his medical advice free of charge. The doctor didn't like it and decided to put an end to this practice.

One day a patient stopped him again and exclaimed, "Oh, doctor! I'm so glad to see you. I have such a bad headache?. The doctor seemed very much interested and said, "Close your eyes, open your mouth and show me your tongue." The patient did

so. Then the doctor quickly went away leaving the patient with his mouth open and tongue out.

1. Why did the patient ask the doctor for advice in the street?
2. In what way did the doctor put an end to tttis practiced?

### **17.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.**

A doctor was often stopped by one of his patients in the street and asked for his medical advice free of charge.

### **17.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.**

"Guinness Book of Records" (1 — be) one of the mostpopular books in the world. It (2 — contain) records of all kmds,, there (3 — be) thousands of them.

It all (4 — start) in 1954 when a man (5 — call) Norris McWhirter (6 — publish) the Guinness Book of Records for the Guinness brewery — Guinness, by the way, (7 — be) a type of beer. Very quickly the book (8 — become) a best-seller. It (9 — sell) over 49 copies so far. And if you (10 — think) that it (11 — be) the English who (12 — be) mad about records, you (13 — be) wrong: the book (14 — translate) into 24 languages. There (15 — to be) a lot of people all over the world who (16 — seem) to want (17 — read) about other people who (18 — be) faster, fatter, fitter or just madder than they (19 — be).

Since ancient times people (20 — try) to break a record. If you (21 — want) to break a record one day, you (22 — have) to find someone reliable who (23 — watch) you and then (24 — ask) a newspaper (25 — write) a report. Then, when. you (26 — break) the record, you (27 — write) to the Guinness Book and (28 — hope) that the day (29 — come) when your record (30 — print) in the newspaper. Your name and photograph (31 — place) in many newspapers and your record (32 — translate) into twenty-four languages — in one of the world's famous books. You (33 — can) do it, for example by (34 — walk) on your hands a long way or (35 — sing) the same song over and over again or (36 — do) any other thing not many people (37 — be able) to do. Why not (38 — try) and (39 — see) what (40 — happen)?

### **17.4. Chose the correct variant.**

1. Are you ... working?  
a) yet, b) just, c) else, d) still.
2. I don't know this writer. — ... do I.  
a) So, b) Also, c) Either, d) Neither.
3. I can hear you well enough. You ... shout.  
a) must, b) mustn't, c) needn't, d) need.
4. We wondered who ... .  
a) is he, b) was he, c) he is, d) he was.

5. Can you wait ... minutes?  
a) few, b) a few, c) little, d) a little.
6. Carlbs is not so ... at English as Jack.  
a) good, b) better, c) worse, d) best.
7. Barbara is not ... in sports.  
a) to interest, b) interest, c) interested, d) interesting.
8. Put on your warm coat, ... a strong wind outside.  
a) it is, b) there is, c) it was, d) there was.
9. ... of you must go and see her at the hospital.  
a) Some, b) Somebody, c) Any, d) Anybody.
10. When will you have your watch ... ?  
a) repair, b) repaired, c) repairing, d) to repair.
11. Your watch ... 2 minutes fast, it's 12 o'clock now.  
a) is, b) was, c) are, d) were.
12. They made a lot of friends during ... trip.  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.
13. Christie turned ... her father for advice.  
a) up, b) to, c) at, d) in.
14. The teacher expected him ... better at the exam.  
a) to do, b) doing, c) do, d) did.
15. The children were let... for a walk.  
a) going, b) go, c) to go, d) to have gone.
16. Nobody ... saw them leave the house.  
a) others, b) more, c) get, d) else.
17. We can't wait, something has ....  
a) done, b) do, c) to be done, d) to do.
18. The tourists said they wouldn't leave the town before they ... all the sights.  
a) see, b) have seen, c) will see, d), had seen.
19. You needn't worry, your. parents ... .  
a) are warned, b) have warned, c) have been warned, d) were warned.
20. I wishyou ... the meeting. It was so interesting.  
a) attend, b) attended, c) had attended, d) would attend.

### **17.5. Translate into English.**

1. Ми так втомилися, що насилу рухалися.
2. Можна мені ще кави?
3. Мені сказали, що стаття надрукована на 3-й сторінці.
4. Ви не заперечуєте, якщо я прийду трохи пізніше?
5. Де твій одяг? Його треба випрати.



## TEST 18

### 18.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

The famous J. Swift was once travelling with his servant. They put up at a small hotel where they spent the night. In the morning Swift asked for his boots. The servant immediately brought them to him. When Swift saw the dirty boots he asked, "Why haven't you cleaned them?" — "I haven't cleaned them," replied the servant, "because you are going to ride and they will soon be dirty again." — "Very well", said Swift, "go and get the horses ready." While the servant was away, Swift told the landlord not to give the servant any breakfast. When the servant returned he was surprised but Swift said, "You haven't had your breakfast because we are going to ride and soon you will be hungry again."

1. Why did Swift order to leave his servant without breakfast?
2. Did Swift treat his servant kindly?

### 18.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

The famous J. Swift with his servant put up at a small hotel where they spent the night.

### 18.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

Once Mark Twain (1 — go) from the north of England to Manchester by train. He (2 — be) very tired and (3 — want) to go to bed. So he (4 — ask) the guard to wake him up when they (5 — come) to Manchester. "If I (6 — sleep) when you (7 — come) up to me, I (8 — be) angry," he (9 — say). "But even if I (10 — be) angry, please throw me out of the train." The guard (11 — agree) and Mark Twain (12 — go) to bed.

When he (13 — wake) up it (14 — be) morning. People (15 — walk) in the corridor, a boy (16 — cry) and his mother (17 — try) to make him quiet. Mark Twain (18 — put), on his clothes and (19 — go) out in the corridor. The guard (20 — talk) to a man and Mark Twain (21 — go) up to him.

"(22 — come) we to Manchester yet?" he (23 — ask).

"We (24 — pass) Manchester two hours ago," the guard (25 — answer).

"What!" Mark Twain (26 - shout). "Why you not (27 - tell) me, you (28 — forget) that I (29 — ask) you?"

The guard (30 — surprise). "You (31 — be) the American who (32 — ask) to wake him up when we (33 — come) to Manchester?" he (34 — ask).

"Yes, of course," Mark Twain (35 — say).

The guard (36 — continue), "Oh, now I (37 — understand) why the man (38 — shout) and (39 — fight) when I (40 — throw) him out of the train in Manchester.



## 18.5. Translate into English.

1. Здається, ми з вами десь зустрічалися.
2. Що ти збираєшся робити, коли закінчиш школу?
3. Ми зголодніли і зупинилися перекусити.
4. Їй слід читати більше літератури в оригіналі.
5. Телевізор треба полагодити.

## TEST 19

### 19.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

Once a French cab driver played a joke ой Conan Doyle. The driver took Conan Doyle from the station to the hotel and said, "Thank you, Mr Conan Doyle." Conan Doyle was surprised and asked how he knew his name. The driver said that he had seen in the papers that the writer was coming to Paris. And he said that Conan Doyle's appearance was typically English and he guessed at once, who he was. "Besides," said the man, "your name is written on your luggage."

1. What was Conan Doyle surprised with?
2. What helped the driver to recognize Conan Doyle?

### 19.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

The driver took the writer from the station to the hotel and thanked Conan Doyle.

### 19.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

Mark Twain (1 — be) not only a famous writer but also a famous humorist. He (2 — travel) a lot and (3 — make) speeches in different towns. During these speeches he always (4 — tell) funny stories.

Wherever he (5 — go) he (6 — follow) by reporters who (7 — write) down everything he (8 — say). His stories (9 — tell) and (10 — retell) and (11 — pass) down from generation to generation. Once he (12 — hear) a rumour that he (13 — be) dead and (14 — remark): "The rumours of my death greatly (15 — exaggerate)."

There (16 — be) a lot of humorous stories (17 — connect) with the name of Mark Twain. Here (18 — be) one of them.

Once Mark Twain and two of Ms friends (19 — sit) in a restaurant. One of the friends just (20 — return) from a trip to the mountains. He (21 — say) that the air in the mountains (22 — be) very clear. In many places the echo of a voice (23 — come) back five times stronger than the original voice.

"That (24 — be) nothing," (25 — say) the second friend. "In Colorado, in many places the echo of a voice (26 — speak) in the morning (27 — come) back in the afternoon."

Mark Twain (28 — laugh) and (29 — say), "The echoes which you (30 — tell) us about (31 — be) very unusual. But in a small church in Hannibal where I (32 — be) born, there (33 — be) an even more unusual echo. If someone (34 — say) in a loud voice, "Good morning! How (35 — be) you?", the echo (36 — come) back after a moment very clearly, "I (37 — be) very well, thank you, and how (38 - be) you?"

Of course, Mark Twain's friends not (39 — believe) the story, but they (40 — enjoy) it.

#### 19.4. Chose the correct variant.

1. He is very honest, he never tells ... lie.  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.
2. Your hair ... beautiful today.  
a) look, b) is looking, c) are looking, d) looks.
3. I have no pen. I have nothing to write ... .  
a) by, b) with, c) on, d) about.
4. Would you like ... milk in your tea?  
a) some, b) any, c) none, d) every.
5. I'm afraid I can't tell you ... about the accident.  
a) many, b) much, c) little, d) a little.
6. There was an interesting film on TV yesterday, ... ?  
a) was there, b) was it, c) wasn't there, d) wasn't it.
7. I ... getting up very early.  
a) am used to, b) used to, c) didn't use to, d) never used to.
8. They all have worked ... at their English.  
a) good, b) well, c) hard, d) hardly.
9. Kate is the ... dancer in our class.  
a) good, b) better, c) best, d) best of all.
10. I can speak French. — So ... .  
a) I can, b) can I, c) I can't, d) can't I.
11. The mother didn't let her daughter ... late.  
a) to stay out, b) stayed out, c) stay out, d) staying out.
12. You ... do it now, you can do it tomorrow.  
a) mustn't, b) needn't, c) can't, d) may not.
13. Steve ... English since he was 5 years old.  
a) learns, b) learned, c) has been learning, d) is learning.
14. How long ... you ... to drive a car? — For three years now.  
a) are able, b) were able, c) will be able, d) have been able.
15. She ... to do the work immediately.  
a) tells, b) told, c) was told, d) was telling.
16. We wanted to know if they ... to the party.  
a) come, b) would come, c) came, d) have come.

17. If it's dark, you may ... the light.  
a) turn on, b) turn in, c) turn out, d) turn off.
18. He is known ... from the trip.  
a) to return, b) to be returned, c) to have returned, d) returned.
19. Can you tell me how far ...? I can't walk.  
a) is it, b) it is, c) it was, d) was it.
20. I haven't taken my exam yet. — ... .  
a) I haven't too, b) I also haven't, c) Neither have I, d) Neither have.

### 19.5. Translate into English.

1. Ми думали, що ви їдете з нами.
2. Вона виглядає такою ж молодою, як її двадцятирічна дочка.
3. Хто ще хоче сказати що-небудь?
4. Вони колись були друзями.
5. До 11 години гості пішли.

## TEST 20

### 20.1. Read the test and answer the following questions.

Mark Twain and a friend of his went abroad on the same ship. Once they were both invited to a dinner. And they were to make speeches. Mark Twain was the first to speak. He spoke for twenty minutes and was a great success. Then it was his friend's turn. He rose and said, "Before this dinner Mark Twain and I agreed to pronounce each other's speeches. He has just pronounced my speech. And I thank you for your kind appreciation of my speech. I'm sorry to say that I have lost the notes of his speech and can't remember what he was to say." Then he sat down and the guests burst out laughing.

1. What did Mark Twain's friend do when it was his turn to make a speech?
2. Did the guests understand what Mark Twain's friend had done?

### 20.2. Put questions to the underline words or the group of words.

Mark Twain spoke for twenty minutes and was a great success.

### 20.3. Complete the story. Put in the correct forms of the verbs.

Everybody (1 — know) today what hot dogs (2 — be). Hot dogs (3 — be) popular for a long time. The first ones (4 — sell) by street vendors in the 19th century. They not (5 — know) then, of course, that they (6 — be) hot dogs. They (7 — be) just a sausage in a bun.

In the 1930s Harry Stevens (8 — start) to sell sausages in (9 — heat) buns, (10 — add) mustard and relish. He (11 — think) they (12 — be) very funny.

A famous sports cartoonist, who (13 — call) himself Ted, also (14 — think) they (15 — look) funny and (16 — draw) a picture of a dog in a bun. Ted (17 — be) very good at (18 — draw). He (19 — name) the sausages "hot dogs," and the name soon (20 — become) very popular. But there (21 — be) a problem. Makers of sausages (22 — think) people (23 — think) they (24 — make) of dog meat and therefore not (25 — eat) them. So for some time "hot dogs" not (26 — use) in advertisements.

But hot dogs (27 — survive) this. Soon Nathan's restaurant in New York (28 — put) hot dogs on their menu. They (29 — be) a great success and (30 — become) famous in the whole of New York.

They (31 — be) still popular in many different places, they can (32 — buy) in parks, fast-food restaurants and cafeterias.

Since the time they first (33 — appear) hot dogs (34 — become) favourite food of those who (35 — camp) out or (36 — need) fast food for other reasons, though most people not (37 — know) why they (38 — call) hot dogs or who (39 — give) them that name.

#### **20.4. Chose the correct variant.**

1. The news ... so pleasant, that she couldn't help smiling.  
a) is, b) was, c) are, d) were.
2. What ... awful weather we're having today.  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.
3. Do you know what ... , I can't remember it.  
a) is his name, b) his name is, c) was his name, d) his name was.
4. Your father's sister is your ... .  
a) niece, b) cousin, c) aunt, d) granny.
5. ... we went we saw the same posters.  
a) Somewhere, b) Anywhere, c) Nowhere, d) Everywhere.
6. Their house is ... to the school.  
a) near, b) nearly, c) close, d) closely.
7. She felt somebody ... her by the shoulder and turned round.  
a) touch, b) to touch, c) touched, d) have touched.
8. Have you had your lunch ... ? — No, I'm going to do it now.  
a) already, b) still, c) just, d) yet.
9. She left the room and shut the door behind ... .  
a) her, b) herself, c) by herself, d) for herself.
10. The tea was ... hot for me to drink.  
a) quite, b) enough, c) top, d) at all.
11. He is not ... in politics.  
a) interest, b) interests, c) interesting, d) interested.
12. Don't worry, your luggage will be looked ... .  
a) after, b) over, c) at, d) upon.

13. My sister enjoys ....  
a) dance, b) to dance, c) dancing, d) danced.
14. The typist is away, these papers can't ... now.  
a) type, b) to type, c) have typed, d) be typed.
15. My father is 3 years ... than my mother.  
a) old, b) older, c) oldest, d) elder.
16. ... does she look like? — She's young and pretty.  
a) What, b) Who, c) How, d) How old.
17. I don't remember when I went to the cinema ... .  
a) last time, b) for the last time, c) last, d) at last.
18. I'll call the taxi as soon as the things ... .  
a) were packed, b) have been packed, c) will be packed, d) packed.
19. He said he ... in Moscow all his life.  
a) lives, b) lived, c) has lived, d) had lived.
20. We wondered when our documents ... ready.  
a) will be, b) would be, c) are, d) were.

### **20.5. Translate into English.**

1. До цього часу усі вже підуть.
2. Він сказав, що зможе дати відповідь тільки завтра.
3. Ми вивчаємо англійську мову з другого класу.
4. Навряд чи вони встигнуть на цей потяг.
5. Скільки ще сторінок тобі потрібно перевести?

## GRAMMAR CHECK

### Put the verbs in the correct form.

1. Good evening! How are you? When you (leave)? Next week, we suddenly (change) our plans. We (fly) to Spain because apparently it (freeze) in England. The travel agent (say) we (have) a great time in Spain.
2. While we (have) dinner, there (be) a knock at the door. When I (open) it, I saw that a policeman (stand) there. He (say) that a dangerous criminal just (escape) from prison and some people (see) him in our neighbourhood. I (assure) him that I (not open) the door without finding out who (stand) outside. I also (say) I (let) him know about any new developments.
3. I cannot find tickets. I (guess) I (leave) them in the office. When girl (come), he (be) terrible angry. I (be) embarrassed because he (remind) me that this (not be) the first time such a thing (happen) to me. Two weeks ago I (lose) the tickets for an important basketball game that he (talk) about for months. I (promise) them that I (be) more careful in the future. Apparently, I (not change).
4. I hope we soon (find) a nice apartment, we look around for the past three months. It (be) a very tiresome experience. Last week I almost (give) up. I (be) so tired after all the hours I (spend) walking from one estate agent to another, that I said I (call) the whole thing off. The following day, however, I (start) the search all over again.
5. Jane said she (call) me as soon as she (arrive) in Egypt. She (leave) ten hours ago, and I (not hear) from her since. I (sit) by the telephone for hours. I hope it (ring) soon.
6. Mary (leave) a few hours ago. She (say) she (be) right back. I (be) rather worried. I (hope) nothing (happen) to her.
7. When I (hear) on the radio that it probably (rain) that evening, I (decide) to put off the picnic. I (know) everybody (be) very disappointed, but I (have) no other choice.
8. I (not think) we (get) there on time. There is little chance of finding a taxi in this weather. I (go) back to the house to call the Crimea. They (have to go) to the party on their own. I (hope) they (not be) too angry.
9. As soon as I (get) my driving license, I (buy) a car. I (dream) about owning my own car ever since I (be) a little kid.
10. Mr. Christian said he (let) me know if there was any vacancy. He added that I (make) a very good impression on the boss and he (be) glad to hire me as soon as they (start) a new project requiring a bigger staff.
11. My brother thought that he (do) all his homework by the time that he (do) all his homework, when I (get) home, I (see) that he (finish) only part of his work.
12. I thought I (grade) all the papers by five o'clock and then I (have) time to get dressed for the party. However, at six o'clock I still (work).
13. A burglar (break) into my house two months ago and (steal) some expensive works of art that I (collect) years before. The policeman, who (arrive) a few minutes after my hysterical call, (say) that hopefully I (get) my things back soon.



- However, they (not find) the thief as he (sell) all my precious possessions by then.
14. An important company (offer) me an interesting job. I (say) I (think) about it. I really cannot make up my mind. I am afraid that by the time I (reach) a decision, somebody else (take) the job.
  15. I want to speak to the manager as soon as he (arrive). I (shop) in this supermarket for years and nothing like this ever (happen). I can still remember the excellent service here twenty years ago. I (not leave) until I (speak) to the manager himself.
  16. I hope he (finish) packing by the time I (get) there. It (be) rather late and I am afraid he (miss) the train.
  17. I (tell) her to hurry up. I was afraid that they (close) the doors by the time we (get) to the theatre and then we (have to wait) until the end of the first act.
  18. I am sorry to disturb you, Mr. Richardson, but there (be) a man outside who (say) he (not leave) until he (speak) to you personally. I (try) to convince him to leave for the past ten minutes, but he (insist) on seeing you.
  19. Dr. Lewis said he (try) to be at our place as soon as he (close) the clinic. David's temperature (be) rather high and I am very worried. I hope Dr. Lewis (not be) long.
  20. Mr. Johnson (go) to retire at the age of sixty, but the boss (ask) him to go on working since he (consider) him indispensable. Mr. Johnson (agree) to stay at least until the boss (find) somebody to replace him.
  21. My parents (to look) at me as I (to come) in. "Where you (to be)?" exclaimed my mother. "We (to wait) for you since five o'clock". She (to be) very angry with me.
  22. It (to be) a nice party last night. Everybody (to dance) and (to be) happy. My friend (to bring) great music.
  23. If he (not to have) the money tomorrow, they (to give) this puppy to another boy and he never (to see) him again.
  24. Last night John (to be) at his sports club/ He (to think) he (to recognize) a girl who (to come) into the gym. "I (to think) I (to see) you somewhere before," he said.
  25. Yesterday my father (to want) to telephone his old friend. They (not to see) each other for ages. My father (to think) that he (to forget) his telephone number.
  26. Two hours ago we (to speak) in my room. We (to hope) that nobody (to hear) our conversation.
  27. Right now he (to need) to improve his social English for his job.
  28. Yesterday, I (to come) to my dentist. I (to wait) for him in the reception. When his secretary (to come), and (to offer) me to read a magazine. I (to refuse) as I (to wait) for him for fifteen minutes and (to read) all the magazines.
  29. As a teenager she (to be) a shy person but she (to become) very self-confident after she (to return) from a year abroad.
  30. Last morning, when Beth (to look) out of the window, she (to realize) that it (to snow) all night. Beth (to decide) she (not to go) for a walk at three o'clock.
  31. They already (to announce) the results of our tests? -Yes, they (to do) it some minutes ago. - What mark you (to get)?
  32. What (to be) wrong? I see you (to be) in a bad mood? -I (to translate) this article since morning, but I (not to finish) it yet.

33. Where they (to be)? - Last week they (to leave) for Paris. If I (to receive) any news, I (to let) you know.
34. You (to know) him well? — I (to know) him since childhood. He always (to be) a very honest man.
35. What he (to do) in the garden some minutes ago? — He (to find) a little bird. He (to think) it (to fall) out of the nest.
36. Yesterday on my way home I (to meet) my daughter. She (to tell) that (to wait) for me for two hours. She (to lose) her key.
37. He always (to dream) to become an actor. He (to dream) about it since childhood.
38. I (to be) very tired, when I (to come) home yesterday. When I (to begin) to warm my dinner, my friend (to phone) me. We (to speak) only for five minutes, but when I (to enter) the kitchen, I (to see) that I (to burn) it.
39. After they (to spend) their holidays, together, she (to understand) that her friend (not to be) such nice persons as she (to think).
40. You (to take) your children to the zoo next Sunday? - Yes, they never (to be) in the zoo before. I (to hope) they (to like) it.
41. One morning a letter (to arrive) to them. The letter said that their aunt (to arrive) the next day.
42. Who (to give) you my phone number? - I (to ask) Nick to give me your number as I (to want) to tell you something very important.
43. Some days ago I (to go) through my wardrobe and (to pick) out all the clothes which (to be) small for me.
44. She picked the magazine from the floor where it (to fall).
45. You already (to see) this play? - We (to see) it last Friday. It (to be) a bit boring at first but it (to pick) up later on.
46. Now scientists (to predict) that by the year 2025 the population (to rise) to eight billion and by the year 2050 it (to reach) ten billion.
47. How you (to feel)? - I (to feel) so tired today. I (to work) in the laboratory since early morning.
48. Be quiet! My baby (to wake up) if you (to shout)! The baby (to sleep) now.
49. My friend wants to open a sport shop. He never (to run) a business before. Now he (to want) to ask for a bank loan.
50. She (to be) very happy when he (to thank) her and (to give) her flowers two days ago.
51. Last September I (to spend) my holiday with my friend. From the first day I (to realize) I (to make) a mistake.
52. Last week her sister (to borrow) her sweater. While she I (to wear) it she (to spill) some juice on it.
53. He was sure that she (to invite) him to her birthday party which (to take) place in a week.
54. Cora (to want) to have a dog. She says "If I (to have) a dog, I (to have) a friend". When she (to come) from school in the afternoon, she (to decide) to ask her mother to let her to have a dog.
55. He (not to sleep) that night. He (to think) till the morning: his head (to be) full of thoughts. When the morning (to come) he (to take) decision at last.

56. After we (to say) good-bye to the old man (to go) out of the house. It (not to be) nobody in the street. The sun (to shine) brightly in the sky.
57. "I (to clean) my room and (to put) everything in its place", she said. "You see, now I (to go) away".
58. When I (to look) at my friend, I (to see) that he (to smile) from ear to ear. He (to read) a funny story.
59. She thinks (to have) ice-cream for dessert. She (not to have) it for a long time.
60. Why you (not to write) this exercise yet? I (to hope) you (to finish) writing by seven o'clock. If you (not to write) it by that time, I (not to allow) you to watch television.
61. She (to begin) doing her lessons at five. It is seven o'clock but she still (to do) her lessons. When she (to finish) doing them at last?
62. I (not to be) sure now that they (to write) the test by four o'clock.
63. When we (to help) our mother about the house last Sunday, our father (to come) and (to invite) us to cafe.
64. They said they (clean) the whole house if they had known she was coming. She should have called them.
65. I am afraid that all the guests (leave) by the time Mr. Smith (finish) his speech.
66. I hope you (not spend) all your money by the time you (get) to Egypt.
67. When I (to come) to my friend, his parents (to tell) me that he (to go) ten minutes before.
68. You already (to see) this film? - Yes, I (to see) it two days ago. I (to think) it (to be) rather interesting.
69. They already (to get) to the railway station and I (to think) they (to wait) for their train now.
70. What he (to do) now? - He (to play) the new piano which his parent (to buy) him this morning. 4. She already (to walk) in the park for two hours.
71. Last night my telephone (to ring) four times. Each time I (to answer) the phone, the person at the other end (to ring) off.
72. The police just (to discover) a bomb in this office. They already (to evacuate) the building.
73. She (to see) very tired when she (to get) home yesterday. She (to have) a bad day.
74. How long he (to wait) for Steve yesterday? - He (to wait) for twenty minutes when Steve (to come) at last.
75. You already (to visit) your doctor? - I (to visit) him two hours ago. - What he (to tell) you? He (advise) to keep to a diet.
76. Are you going to read a letter you (to receive)? - No, I (not to want) to read it now. I (to read) it when I (to be) in a better mood.
77. Yesterday I (to return) home late in the evening. I (to have) supper when the my old friend, who just (to arrive) to Kyiv, (to ring) me.
78. She already (to feed) her baby. - I (to feed) it an hour ago. My baby (to sleep) now. It (to sleep) for half an hour.
79. They always (to go) to the country in summer? - Yes, as a rule. But they (to spend) their holiday at the seaside next summer if they (to get) enough money.
80. As the day (take) sunny last Sunday, we (to decide) to go to the country. We (to

- get) to our place by ten o'clock. We (to enjoy) ourselves the whole day.
81. What your father (to do) at the moment - He (to have) breakfast. As a rule he (to have) breakfast so late on Sundays.
  82. We (to see) them last week, but we (not to see) them since then.
  83. She (to be) a typist for our firm since 1997. She (to work) here three years. But now she (to want) to change her job.
  84. This year (to write) a book which (to describe) all his life.
  85. They (to walk) a long way when she (to begin) to insist on a test.
  86. Last night he (to be) furious because someone (to drive) into his car while it (to be) parked.
  87. I (to tell) you a million times (not to take) my sweater! Why you (to wear) it now? If you (to put) it on again we (to quarrel).
  88. We (to decide) to go to Spain. Because their friends often (to tell) them about their glorious holiday there.
  89. His brilliant intellect (to win) an international reputation.
  90. Nick already (to get) tickets for the concert? – He (to have) the tickets but nobody to go with.
  91. My friend (to ask) me to explain him new rule because he (not to understand) it.
  92. He (to talk) to the gardener, outside the door, when his cleaner (to arrive).
  93. You (to like) Kyiv? - Yes, I (to love) this city. I (to be) here there times, you know.
  94. Yesterday, when I (to hear) how he (to sing) in the next room, I (to realize) that I never (to hear) anyone worse.
  95. Paul (to telephone) me today? I (not to want) to speak to him.
  96. Where you (to be) just now? I (to wait) for you for ten minutes. Let's go to the cinema. We (to be) late.
  97. When I (to enter) the house, I (to see) that the old man (to sit) near the fireplace and (to read) the book. He (to sit) there for a long time.
  98. What you (to do) now? - I (to translate) an interesting story. - How long you (to translate) it? - I (to work) for seven hours. I (to hope) I (to finish) translating by nine o'clock.
  99. The lecture (not yet to begin) and the students (to talk) in the corridor.
  100. Last night Beth (to thank) Chris for the lovely flowers which he (to buy) for her.
  101. Oh, I (to see) he (to stop) smoking. When he (to decide) not to smoke?
  102. 7. We (to be) in the forest a week ago. We (to hear) how a wild animal (to cry) out. It (to get) in a tramp.
  103. I (to be) nervous at the dentist this morning as it was the first time I (see) him since august 1998.
  104. When a child I (not to like) the girl next door. She always (to tease) me and (to fight) with me.
  105. Don't-worry! You (to see) your children playing in the yard if you (to look) out of the window.
  106. I (to be) very happy when I (to see) him yesterday.
  107. She (to hope) now that the weather (to be) fine tomorrow.

108. The ship (to be) in the open sea when the storm (to break) out.
109. Last week he (to find) a kitten the street. He (to see) that it (to be) absolutely helpless.
110. My uncle, who (to live) in the USA now, (to offer) me to ay for my studying.
111. This time next week I (to live) on a beach.
112. Sam never (to think) to go to medical school.
113. When Sally (to get) to the station last week, she (to realize) that she to be too late. The train already (to leave).
114. As a rule she (to run) in the park every day.
115. Look! He (to try) to find his watch. He (to lose) it.
116. Mother just (to make) some sandwiches. You (to like) some?
117. Two days ago Sam (to write) her a letter and (to send) at once.
118. You ever (to be) to Cayman Isles?
119. Don't tease the dog! It (to bite) you.
120. Last night we (not to want) to disturb our parents as they (to heave) a rest.
121. His grandparents just (to return) from the USA.
122. I (not to know) where my sister (to be) now. Maybe she (to sit) in the garden.
123. Don't you think that marriage (not to change) her? She still (to be) the same.
124. She (to give) him your message tomorrow, as soon as she (to see) him.
125. Look at this child! He (to notice) everything immediately.
126. Yesterday the moment we (to start) eating, the telephone (to ring).
127. She was worried that her child (not to like) her new husband.
128. Look! Her hands (to be) dirty. He (to work) in the garden.
129. If you (not to warn) him Just now, he (to fall) in the Water.
130. Yesterday I (not to want) to stay late so I (to make) an excuse and (to leave).
131. My friend always (to criticise) the way I (to dress).
132. When we (to see) them last?
133. She never (to want) to commit herself to six years of study.
134. If you (to come) at six tomorrow, you (to find) him at home.
135. If you (to know) her address, you (to Send) her a letter today.
136. I know what kind of person she is. She always (to say) that she never (to tell) a soul but then she (to break) her promise.
137. This letter (to be) from John. We (to stay) With him last summer.
138. I (to meet) them when they (to run) round the park.
139. When they (to go) out, the rain (to stop), but a strong wind (to blow).
140. Look at him! He never (to be) so insulted!
141. It (to be) dark now. The sun (not to rise) yet.
142. There (to be) an accident near our house last night. You (to hear) it?
143. We (not to recognize) the hotel. We (to stay) in it the year before.
144. Last year when the play (to be) first performed on stage, it (to become) a hit.
145. In the programme we (to watch) last night, they (to rill) animals for their fur.
146. Look! The emergency services (to remove) the sand which oil (to cover).
147. What you (to achieve) by the year 2010?
148. They (to have) a lovely time touring the USA last year.
149. You (not to read) my project yet?

150. Her mother (to be sure) yesterday that she (to revise) for her exam the following day.
151. In three years time, his parents (to be married) for twenty years.
152. We (not to imagine) yesterday the meeting (to take) so long.
153. I am afraid my friend (to be) still in hospital.
154. If you (not to pay) the bill immediately, the waiter (to call) the police.
155. The number of cars (to rise) by fifty-eight per cent since 1973.
156. I am sure Sally (to marry) Peter if he (to propose) to her.
157. You still (to think) they (to finish) the new motorway by the end of the year?
158. Why he (to open) a shop? - He always (to want) to open a sweet shop.
159. When (to be) last time you (to see) Tom? - Five years ago.
160. I just (to finish) the book which you (to give) me for ray birthday.
161. Last night he (to see) a light in the neighbours house.
162. My father (to look) tired the day before yesterday. He (to work) at his computer for many hours.
163. She (to be) at the birthday party now. It (to be) the most exciting holiday she ever (to have).
164. You ever (to eat) octopus? - Yes, I... - What it (to be) like? - It (to taste) nice.
165. Last year my friends (to stay) in my house while I (to be) on holiday. They (to stay) here for three weeks.
166. When I (to come) home, my family (to drink) tea in the kitchen. I (to take) my coat off and (to ask) for a cup of tea.
167. We were glad to know that our relatives (to arrive) by the New Year.
168. An important letter (to arrive) when he already (to go) away for two weeks.
169. You (to have) your contract soon: the secretary (to type) it now.
170. After he (to work) for ten hours, he came home and (to fall) asleep.
171. You ever (to be) frightened by something? -Yes, I (to be) frightened by a strange noise in the bushes when I (to run) round the park last week.
172. The day before yesterday he told me that (not to come) home by seven on Sunday.
173. By the time this course (end), I (learn) two foreign languages.
174. I (miss) the first act by the time I (get) to the theatre.
175. She (to be) tired yesterday as she (to drive) all that way.

## TRANSLATION TEST

### Translate into English.

1. Я сподіваюсь, що вони піклуватимуться про вас.
2. Я сподівався, що вони піклуватимуться про вас.
3. Він думає, що ви забудете про цей випадок.
4. Він думав, що ви забудете про цей випадок.
5. Ми знаємо, що батьки прийдуть до сьомої години.
6. Ми не знали, що батьки прийдуть до сьомої години.
7. Вона відчула, що щось трапиться.
8. Ви знали, що вони не прийдуть.
9. Я впевнений, що він отримає прекрасну освіту.
10. Він був здивований, коли дізнався, що брат не повернеться до ранку.
11. Я не зрозумів, коли він поверне мені гроші?
12. Вона не розраховувала, що працюватиме цілий день.
13. Ми боялись, що поїзд запізниться і ми чекатимемо його годину.
14. Секретарка не знає, чи отримала вона вчасно інформацію.
15. Ви знали, що весь день будете вдома?
16. Чому вона впевнена, що ми проведемо весь день за містом?
17. Я сподівався, що дружина приготує обід до п'ятої години, і о п'ятій ми вже будемо обідати.
18. Батьки були впевнені, що знання англійської мови допоможуть мені в бізнесі.
19. Він не хотів вірити, що ми приїдемо додому лише о дев'ятій вечора. Він думав, що о восьмій він дивитиметься свій улюблений серіал.
20. Ми впевнені, що його картина потрапить до музею.
21. Ми зрозуміли, що вона ніколи не повернеться.
22. Я був абсолютно впевнений, що він ніколи не відмовиться від такої чудової пропозиції.
23. Вона боїться, що її син не вступить до університету.
24. Я знала, що всім сподобається моя нова сукня.
25. Мені здалося, що вони зателефонують нам о сьомій.
26. Я сподіваюсь, що побачу їх тільки через місяць.
27. Він мріяв, що через тиждень вже відпочиватиме на березі моря.
28. Лікар не думає, що ці ліки допоможуть вам.
29. Ви впевнені, що ви будете насолоджуватися відпочинком цілий місяць?
30. Він думав, що підпише всі документи до одинадцятої.
31. Ніхто не знав, що ми робитимемо протягом дня.
32. Хто з вас впевнений, що концерт почнеться вчасно?
33. Ви коли-небудь відпочивали в Криму? - Так. Ми були там минулого літа. Ми провели два незабутніх тижні на березі моря.
34. Де твій брат? - Вія тренується у спортивному залі. Він там уже дві години.
35. Що діти робили, коли ти прийшов додому? - Коли я увійшов до кімнати, я побачив, що вони грають у нову гру. Я купив її для них в Англії.

36. Де твоя сестра? - Вона на кухні. Вона щойно повернулась з інституту і зараз обідає. Після обіду вона збирається піти на виставку сучасного живопису.
37. Я не хочу розмовляти з ним по телефону. Скажіть йому, що я зайнятий. Попросіть його подзвонити завтра.
38. Вони одружились багато років тому і все ще люблять одне одного. Вони одружені з 1987 року.
39. Ви вже бачили виставку картини Ван Гога? – Ні. Але я дуже хочу побачити її. – Ось два квитки на виставку. Якщо ви будете вільні увечері, приходьте в наш музей.
40. Я дуже стомлена. Наступного тижня я складатиму іспит, тому я зараз напружено працюю. Звичайно я працюю зранку до пізнього вечора.
41. Коли я їхав по дорозі, раптом перед машиною з'явилась кішка. Я одразу зупинив автомобіль. Коли я вийшов з машини, щоб пересвідчитись, що сталося з твариною, я побачив, що вона втекла.
42. Він глянув на хлопця і одразу зрозумів, що десь бачив його раніше.
43. Моя подруга збирає листівки протягом тривалого часу. Зараз їх у неї так багато, що вона не знає, де їх зберігати.
44. Ось де вони! Ми вас скрізь шукали. Де ви були?
45. Ви думаєте, завтра буде дощ? – Сподіваємось, що ні. Ми плануємо поїхати за місто. Якщо піде дощ, ми не поїдемо.
46. Поки він робив уроки, його батько слухав радіо. Батько сказав, що останні новини були цікавими.
47. Я й гадки не мав, що вони прийдуть так швидко.
48. Коли діти вийшли з дому, вони згадали, що не все взяли з собою.
49. Нарешті ми прибули в Париж. Я дуже щаслива. Я завжди хотіла побувати в столиці Франції.
50. Він запропонував дітям піти до зоопарку. Він там ще не був з ними ні разу.
51. Ви все ще вивчаєте англійську мову? — Так. Я вивчаю її вже два роки. Мій вчитель каже і я відчуваю, що я досяг успіху у навчанні.
52. Ми плануємо вилетіти завтра, якщо нічого не трапиться.
53. Я давно не бачив своїх друзів. Я хочу, щоб вони приїхали на мій день народження. Весь вечір ми будемо мати приємну нагоду поспілкуватися.
54. Коли він повернеться з обідньої перерви? Ми чекаємо його вже п'ятнадцять хвилин, а його все нема. Якщо він не з'явиться за десять хвилин, ми підемо.
55. Коли вона, з'явилась у офісі, вона помітила, що всі з подивом дивляться на неї. Вона зрозуміла, що запізнилась.
56. Ти не знаєш, куди я поклала свою чорну сумку? Я намагаюсь знайти її вже півгодини. Ти не бачила її? - Вчора я бачила її у тій кімнаті.
57. Він думав, що весь вечір буде займатися виключно своїми справами. Але він помилився: дружина попросила його піти в магазин.
58. Я колись давно читав цю книжку. Зараз я перечитую її з великим задоволенням.
59. Твоя мама вже повернулась з роботи? Я хочу поговорити з нею. – Ні, її ще немає, але вона прийде додому за годину.
60. Ми працюємо вже три години, але ще не стомились. Давайте попрацюємо



ще дві години. Якщо ми стомимось раніше, ми зробимо перерву.

61. Коли я зайшов до школи, я побачив, що мій вчитель розмовляє з двома учнями. Я підійшов до нього лише після того, як учні пішли.
62. Він вже переклав текст? - Так, він переклав його до сьомої години.
63. Я хочу знати, чи вони вже отримали необхідну інформацію.
64. Ваша сестра студентка? - Ні, вона вже закінчила інститут. Вона закінчила його рік тому.
65. Якщо піде дощ і погода буде вітряною, моя бабуся погано почуватиме себе.
66. З ким вів зустрічав Новий рік? – Ніхто не знає. Він нікому не сказав про це.
67. Я спитав його, чи знає він куди переїхала їхня сім'я.
68. Вони сперечаються вже півгодини.
69. Якщо вони не припиняють сперечатися самі, я попрошу їх зробити це.
70. Коли я прийшов додому, моя сім'я вже повечеряла і всі пили каву на кухні.
71. Коли вів подзвонив своєму другові, той приймав ванну уже десять хвилин і тому не підійшов до телефону.
72. Як тільки я зайшов до кімнати, я зрозумів, що хтось палив у ній. Я відкрив вікно, щоб провітрити кімнату.
73. Під час обіду вона була в поганому настрої. Вона намагалась додзвонитись на залізничну станцію протягом всього ранку, але лінія весь час була зайнята.
74. Ти думаєш, що ти можеш виконати цю роботу сам? Ти помиляєшся. Ти не закінчиш її до вечора, якщо ми тобі не допоможемо.
75. Скільки днів ти працюєш над цією статтею? – Я пишу її вже п'ять днів, але ще не дописав її до кінця. Я планую закінчити її через сім днів. – Ти даси мені почитати її, як тільки напишеш?
76. Коли вона побачила, як глибоко він порізав руку, вона не злякалась. До цього вона вже багато разів бачила кров.
77. Де твій брат? – Він у парку. Він гуляє з собакою. Він вийшов з дому десять хвилин тому. – Коли він повернеться? – Я думаю, вони гулятимуть ще хвилин двадцять.
78. Ми отримали телеграму пізно ввечері. Як тільки ми прочитали цю телеграму, ми сіли в машину і поїхали до бабусі. Ми сподівались приїхати до бабусі до ночі.
79. Одягни пальто. Що ти робитимеш, якщо стане холодно? Ти можеш застудитися, погода змінюється протягом дня.
80. Тепер я розумію, чому я не можу відкрити двері. Вже п'ять хвилин я намагаюся відкрити їх не тим ключем. Ключ від цих дверей я забув на роботі.
81. Мій брат чудовий письменник. Він написав кілька книжок, які стали відомими у всьому світі. Зараз він працює над новою книжкою.
82. Ми сподівались, що вона приїде о сьомій годині. Але ми помилились, її поїзд прибув о восьмій. Ми годину чекали її на вокзалі.
83. З ким ти розмовляв, коли я зустрів тебе вчора? — Жінка, з якою я розмовляв, була моєю вчителькою іспанської кілька років тому. Мені було приємно поговорити з нею, тому що ми не бачились приблизно два роки.

84. Що з тобою? - Думаю, що я захворів. У мене, висока температура. - Якщо ти хворий, я раджу тобі викликати лікаря.
85. Що ви робитимете завтра о сьомій вечора? - Ми прийдемо додому о шостій, а о сьомій годині ми будемо дивитись серіал. Ми повечеряємо до восьмої години, і о восьмій підемо на прогулянку.
86. Я давно не отримував листів від своїх друзів. На цьому тижні я написав кілька листів і сподіваюсь отримати відповіді через тиждень.
87. Завтра у нього урок англійської мови. Він писатиме диктант на уроці. Зараз він вчить слова. Він вивчить їх до сьомої години.
88. Її двоюрідна сестра вчиться в інституті. Вона вчиться уже три роки. Через два роки закінчить навчання. – Яку професію вона обрала? - Вона буде лікарем.
89. Коли він побачив її, він підстрибнув від здивування: вона дуже дивно вбралась.
90. Що ти робитимеш, коли ми прийдемо? - Я робитиму уроки. Я робитиму їх вже півтори години, коли ви прийдете.
91. Хто закрив вікно? В кімнаті дуже жарко. Ви не будете заперечувати, якщо я відкрию вікно?
92. Був пізній вечір. Ми вечеряли у нашому новому будинку, коли раптом почули дивний шум під вікном. Моя дружина визирнула у вікно і побачила, що наша кішка грала з мишею, яку спіймала у дворі.
93. Що ти робиш в цю суботу? – Я пообіцяв допомогти своєму другові. Він переїжджає до нової квартири. – Я пропоную тобі мою допомогу. - Я сподівався, що ти скажеш це!
94. Він боїться запізнитися на поїзд. Якщо він не вийде зараз, він точно не встигне на поїзд.
95. Вона була стомлена, тому що працювала цілий день. Але вона не хотіла йти додому: вона ще не закінчила свою роботу.
96. Вони йшли вулицею кілька хвилин, доки не зрозуміли, що заблукалися.
97. Мені дзвонив хто-небудь? - Так, твій друг. - Що він сказав? – Він сказав, що замовив тенісний корт на шосту годину.
98. Ми не вірили, що вона повернеться до десятої години. Ми помилились. О десятій вона вже була вдома.
99. Нарешті я знайшла свої рукавички! Весь ранок я шукала їх. Я думала, що загубила їх на вулиці.
100. Де ти був вчора? Я приходив до тебе. Я подзвонив кілька разів, але ніхто не відповів. – Я був у читальному залі. Я працював там вже кілька годин, коли ти прийшов до мене.
101. Вчора вона подзвонила своїй подрузі. Вона не розмовляла з нею кілька днів, тому що вони посварились.
102. Хто співає цю пісню? Я чув її кілька разів, але не можу згадати ім'я співака.
103. Він був впевнений, що ніхто не потурбує його вночі. Але о другій годині подзвонив його пацієнт і попросив терміново приїхати.
104. Ти підеш з нами в бар? Ми хочемо випити кави. – Боюсь, я витратив всі

гроші. – Не хвилюйся, я позичу тобі грошей.

- 105.** Ми знали, що до сьомої години вся родина збереться за столом. Ми хотіли обговорити дуже важливе питання.
- 106.** Вони йшли вулицею і розмовляли, коли вона раптом забула, що хотіла сказати.
- 107.** Хіба ти не пам'ятаєш, як я сказав, що ми запізнимось на збори?
- 108.** Коли я зустрів її хвилин двадцять тому, її очі були червоні. Я зрозумів, що вона плакала.
- 109.** Він уже півгодини намагається знайти свого сина. Я думаю, що хлопчик десь сховався.
- 110.** Коли вона прийшла додому, вона згадала, що забула зайти до зубного лікаря. Вона набирала номер майже півгодини, але лінія була зайнята.
- 111.** Його друзі чекають на нього вже годину, а він все ще не прийшов. Якщо він не прийде за десять хвилин, вони підуть в дискотеку без нього.
- 112.** Ми погодилися, коли вона запропонувала нам піти в театр. Вона запевняла, що вистава буде чудовою.
- 113.** Я прийшов додому о сьомій. Я повечеряв і почав читати книжку, яку я взяв у бібліотеці. Я читав її вже півгодини, коли я згадав, що не подзвонив своєму двоюрідному братові.
- 114.** Ми не думали, що він візьме участь у цій роботі. Він завжди намагається уникнути будь-яких додаткових завдань.
- 115.** Як тільки я звільнюсь, я подзвоню тобі. Я ще ніколи не брав участі у подібних заходах, тому мені треба добре подумати, перш ніж я дам відповідь.
- 116.** З того часу, як ми приїхали сюди на відпочинок, сніг іде щодня.
- 117.** Вони прийшли додому опівночі, тому що вечірка закінчилась пізно. Коли вони зайшли до квартири, вони побачили, що всі вже сплять.
- 118.** Де живе твоя тітка? - Вона поїхала до Харкова п'ять років тому і з того часу живе там.
- 119.** Жінка сиділа біля вікна і думала. Вона думала про те, що її подруга не зайшла до неї перед тим, як поїхати до Києва.
- 120.** Ми не сподівались, що вони приїдуть так швидко. Ми не встигли приготувати кімнату до їхнього приїзду.

**PRESENT & PAST ACTIONS**

<u><b>PRESENT CONTINUOUS</b></u>	<u><b>PRESENT SIMPLE</b></u>
<p>+ S + am/is/are + Ving                      - S + am/is/are +not +Ving                      ? (W) am/is/are + S + Ving..?                      ? Who is Ving ...?</p>	<p>+ S + V / Vs                      - S + do not / does not + V                      ? (W) do / does + S + V                      ? Who Vs ...?</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>now, at the moment, still, currently, at present, while</i></li> <li>• <i>today, this week, this month</i></li> </ul> <p><u>Verbs which are not used in V+ing form</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. to see, to hear, to smell, to taste</li> <li>2. to know, to understand, to remember, to believe, to realize</li> <li>3. to like, to love, to hate, to prefer</li> <li>4. to wish, to desire, to refuse, to agree</li> <li>5. to belong, to contain, to mean, to seam</li> </ol>	<p>0%            <i>never → hardly ever → rarely → seldom → occasionally → sometimes → from time to time → often → usually → as a rule → constantly → every day → always            100 %</i></p>
<u><b>PAST CONTINUOUS</b></u>	<u><b>PAST SIMPLE</b></u>
<p>+ S + was/were + Ving                      - S + was/were +not +Ving                      ? (W) was/were + S + Ving..?                      ? Who was Ving ...?</p>	<p>+ S + Ved / V2                      - S + did not + V                      ? (W) did + S + V                      ? Who Ved / V2 ...?</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>at five o'clock, at noon, at midnight, at that moment</i></li> <li>• <i>all day long, all the night, all that year, all yesterday, the whole day, from 5 till 6 yesterday</i></li> <li>• <i>still, while, when, at the time that</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>yesterday, the day before yesterday</i></li> <li>• <i>last week, 6 months ago, long ago, in 2000, in September, on Sunday, at 5 o'clock,</i></li> <li>• <i>once, one day, the other day, then, this morning (after 12.00),</i></li> <li>• <i>just now, suddenly, immediately, at once,</i></li> <li>• <i>never, now and again, sometimes, often, every day</i></li> </ul>

<p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>PRESENT PERFECT</u></b></p> <p>+ S + have/has + V3  - S + have/has + not+V3  ? (W) + have/has + S + V3  ? Who has + V3?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>result – no time</i></li> <li>• <i>ever, never, just, already (+), since, (since five o'clock, since Monday, since I saw him) for (for an hour, for ten years, for a long time, for two hours,), yet (-?)</i></li> <li>• <i>up to now, up to the present, so far, lately, recently, in the last few days, all this time, all his life, always</i></li> <li>• <i>today, this week, this month, this year, this morning, this semester</i></li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS</u></b></p> <p>+ S + have/has +been + Ving  - S + have/has + not+been + Ving  ? (W) + have/has + S + been + Ving  ? Who has + been + Ving</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>since, for, all day long, the whole month, lately</i></li> <li>• <i>since when....?</i></li> <li>• <i>how long....?</i></li> </ul>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>PAST PERFECT</u></b></p> <p>+ S + had +V3  - S + had + not+V3  ? (W) + had + S + V3  ? Who had + V3?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>by 5 o'clock</i></li> <li>• <i>after</i></li> <li>• <i>before</i></li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS</u></b></p> <p>+ S + had been + Ving  - S + had+ not+ been + Ving  ? (W) + had + S + been + Ving  ? Who had + been + Ving?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>for ... hours</i></li> <li>• <i>for ... month\ for a long time</i></li> </ul>

**FUTURE ACTIONS**

**PRESENT CONTINUOUS (planned action)**

*I'm /You are/we are visiting Odessa next week.*

**PRESENT SIMPLE (time-tables, formal plans)**

*The concert starts at 19.00 tomorrow.*

**going to + V (збиратися щось робити)**

*I am going to invite all our friends to my birthday party.*

**FUTURE SIMPLE**

**+ S + will + V**

*I (we, he, she, you, they) will work.*

**- S + will not+ V**

*I (we, he, she, you, they) will not work.*

**? (W) will + S +V**

*Will I (we, he, she, you, they) read this book tomorrow?*

*When will I (we, he, she, you, they) read this book tomorrow?*

**Time words:**

tomorrow

next day

next week (month)

**FUTURE CONTINUOUS**

**Will be Ving**

*I (we, she, it, you, they) will be working.*

*While he (she, it) is having breakfast, I (we) will be reading the newspaper.*

*Will he (she, it, you, they) be working?*

**Time words:**

at ... o'clock tomorrow, from 5 till 6 tomorrow

## **FUTURE PERFECT**

**will have V3/ed**

He (I, we, she, it, you, they) will (not) have read the newspaper about the conclusion of this agreement by tomorrow.

Will he (I, we, she, it, you, they) have finished working by 5 p.m.?

### **Time words:**

1. by 5 o'clock
2. by Saturday
3. by the end of the year
4. by that time

## **FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS**

**will have been Ving**

When you return home at 5 o'clock at five o'clock, I (we) will (not) have been working for seven hours.

By the 1<sup>st</sup> of June, 2008, he (she, it, you, they) will (not) have been working at the factory for twenty years.

Will I (we, she, it, you, they) have been working?

### **Time words:**

1. for ... hours
2. for ... month
3. for.... Years

## THE PASSIVE VOICE

### to be + V3

	Simple	Progressive	Simple Perfect
<b>Present</b>	<p>It is <b><u>built.</u></b> They are <b><u>built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(every year, always, as a rule)</i></p>	<p>It is <b><u>being built.</u></b> They are <b><u>being built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(now, at the moment, this month, this year, currently)</i></p>	<p>It has <b><u>been built.</u></b> They have <b><u>been built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(never, just, already, yet, this year, this quarter)</i></p>
<b>Past</b>	<p>It was <b><u>built.</u></b> They were <b><u>built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(last year, 2 weeks ago, in 2013, in May)</i></p>	<p>It was <b><u>being built.</u></b> They were <b><u>being built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(that moment, in November 2012, when I arrived in Chernihiv)</i></p>	<p>It had <b><u>been built.</u></b> They had <b><u>been built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(by November 2012, when I arrived in Chernihiv)</i></p>
<b>Future</b>	<p>It will be <b><u>built.</u></b> They will be <b><u>built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(next year, in 2 weeks, in 2018, in May)</i></p>		<p>It will have <b><u>been built.</u></b> They will have <b><u>been built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(by the next year, before May before I arrive in Chernihiv)</i></p>
<b>Future in the Past</b>	<p>It would be <b><u>built.</u></b> They would be <b><u>built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(next year, the following months)</i></p>		<p>It would have <b><u>been built.</u></b> They would have <b><u>been built.</u></b></p> <p><i>(by the next year, before May before I arrived in Chernihiv)</i></p>



## Irregular verbs

abide	Abode	abode	<i>перебувати</i>
arise	Arose	arisen	<i>виникати</i>
awake	Awoke	awoke	<i>будити</i>
be	was(were)	been	<i>бути</i>
bear	Bore	born	<i>нести</i>
beat	Beat	beaten	<i>бити</i>
become	Became	become	<i>ставати</i>
befall	Befell	befallen	<i>траплятися</i>
begin	Began	begun	<i>починати(ся)</i>
bend	Bent	bent	<i>згинати(ся)</i>
beseech	Besought	besought	<i>просити</i>
bid	Bad	bid	<i>наказувати</i>
bind	Bound	bound	<i>зв'язувати</i>
bite	Bit	bitten	<i>кусати</i>
bleed	Bled	bled	<i>кровоточити</i>
blow	blew	blown	<i>дути</i>
break	broke	broken	<i>ламати</i>
breed	bred	bred	<i>вирощувати</i>
bring	brought	brought	<i>приносити</i>
build	built	built	<i>будувати</i>
burn	burnt	burnt	<i>горіти</i>
burst	burst	burst	<i>вибухати</i>
buy	bought	bought	<i>купувати</i>
cast	cast	cast	<i>кидати</i>
catch	caught	caught	<i>ловити</i>
choose	chose	chosen	<i>вибирати</i>
cleave	clove	cloven	<i>розколювати</i>
cling	clung	clung	<i>чіплятися</i>
clothe	clothed	clothed	<i>одягати</i>
come	came	come	<i>приходити</i>
cost	cost	cost	<i>коштувати</i>
creep	crept	crept	<i>повзти</i>
cut	cut	cut	<i>різати</i>
dare	dared	dared	<i>сміти</i>
deal	dealt	dealt	<i>мати справу</i>
dig	dug	dug	<i>копати</i>
do	did	done	<i>робити</i>
draw	drew	drawn	<i>малювати</i>
dream	dreamed	dreamed	<i>мріяти</i>
drink	drank	drunk	<i>пити</i>
drive	drove	driven	<i>їхати</i>
dwell	dwelt	dwelt	<i>мешкати</i>
eat	ate	eaten	<i>їсти</i>

fall	fell	fallen	<i>падати</i>
feed	fed	fed	<i>годувати</i>
feel	felt	felt	<i>відчувати</i>
fight	fought	fought	<i>битися</i>
find	found	found	<i>знаходити</i>
flee	fled	fled	<i>тікати</i>
fling	flung	flung	<i>кидати</i>
fly	flew	flown	<i>літати</i>
forbid	forbade	forbidden	<i>забороняти</i>
forget	forgot	forgotten	<i>забувати</i>
forgive	forgave	forgiven	<i>прощати</i>
freeze	froze	frozen	<i>заморожувати</i>
get	got	got	<i>одержувати</i>
gild	gilt	gilt	<i>золотити</i>
give	gave	gave	<i>давати</i>
go	went	gone	<i>іти</i>
grind	ground	ground	<i>молоти</i>
grow	grew	grown	<i>рости</i>
hang	hung	hung	<i>повісити</i>
have	had	had	<i>мати</i>
hear	heard	heard	<i>чути</i>
hew	hewed	hewed	<i>рубати</i>
hide	hid	hidden	<i>ховати(ся)</i>
hit	hit	hit	<i>ударяти</i>
hold	held	held	<i>тримати</i>
hurt	hurt	hurt	<i>боліти</i>
keep	kept	kept	<i>зберігати</i>
kneel	knelt	knelt	<i>стояти на колінах</i>
knit	knit	knit	<i>в'язати</i>
know	knew	known	<i>знати</i>
lay	laid	laid	<i>покласти</i>
lead	led	led	<i>вести</i>
lean	leant	leant	<i>спиратися</i>
leap	leapt	leapt	<i>стрибати</i>
learn	learned	learned	<i>вчити</i>
leave	left	left	<i>залишати</i>
lend	lent	lent	<i>позичати</i>
let	let	let	<i>пускати</i>
lie	lay	lain	<i>лежати</i>
light	lit	lit	<i>освітлювати</i>
lose	lost	lost	<i>губити</i>
make	made	made	<i>робити</i>
mean	meant	meant	<i>мати намір</i>
meet	met	met	<i>зустрічати</i>
mishear	misheard	misheard	<i>недочути</i>
mislead	misled	misled	<i>вводити в оману</i>

mistake	mistook	mistaken	<i>помилятися</i>
mow	mowed	mown	<i>косити</i>
pay	paid	paid	<i>платити</i>
put	put	put	<i>ставити</i>
read	read	read	<i>читати</i>
rid	rid	rid	<i>позбавляти</i>
ride	rode	ridden	<i>їздити верхи</i>
ring	rang	rung	<i>дзвонити</i>
rise	rose	risen	<i>вставати</i>
run	ran	run	<i>бігти</i>
saw	sawed	sawed	<i>пиляти</i>
say	said	said	<i>говорити</i>
see	saw	seen	<i>бачити</i>
seek	sought	sought	<i>шукати</i>
sell	sold	sold	<i>продавати</i>
send	sent	sent	<i>посилати</i>
set	set	set	<i>установлювати</i>
sew	sewed	sewed	<i>шити</i>
shake	shook	shaken	<i>трясти</i>
shave	shaved	shaved	<i>брити(ся)</i>
shear	sheared	shorn	<i>стригти</i>
shed	shed	shed	<i>ронити</i>
shine	shone	shone	<i>світити</i>
shoe	shod	shod	<i>взувати</i>
shoot	shot	shot	<i>стріляти</i>
show	showed	shown	<i>показувати</i>
shrink	shrank	shrank	<i>скорочувати(ся)</i>
shut	shut	shut	<i>закривати</i>
sing	sang	sung	<i>співати</i>
sink	sank	sunk	<i>спускати(ся)</i>
sit	sat	sat	<i>сидіти</i>
sleep	slept	slept	<i>спати</i>
slide	slid	slid	<i>ковзати</i>
smell	smelt	smelt	<i>пахнути</i>
sow	sowed	sowed	<i>сіяти</i>
speak	spoke	spoken	<i>говорити</i>
speed	sped	sped	<i>поспішати</i>
spell	spelt	spelt	<i>вимовляти</i>
spend	spent	spent	<i>витрачати</i>
spill	spilt	spilt	<i>розливати</i>
spin	spun	spun	<i>прясти</i>
spit	spat	spat	<i>плювати</i>
split	split	split	<i>розщеплювати</i>
spoil	spoiled	spoiled	<i>псувати</i>
spread	spread	spread	<i>поширювати</i>
spring	sprang	sprung	<i>стрибати</i>
stand	stood	stood	<i>стояти</i>

steal	stole	stolen	<i>(у)красти</i>
stick	stuck	stuck	<i>встромляти</i>
sting	stung	stung	<i>жалити</i>
stink	stunk	stunk	<i>смердіти</i>
strew	strewed	strewed	<i>розкидати</i>
stride	strode	stridden	<i>крокувати</i>
strike	struck	struck	<i>бити, бастувати</i>
string	strung	strung	<i>нанизувати</i>
strive	strove	striven	<i>старатися</i>
swear	swore	sworn	<i>клястися</i>
sweep	swept	swept	<i>мчати</i>
swell	swelled	swollen	<i>надуватися</i>
swim	swam	swum	<i>плавати</i>
swing	swung	swung	<i>гойдати(ся)</i>
take	took	taken	<i>брати</i>
teach	taught	taught	<i>вчити</i>
tear	tore	torn	<i>рвати</i>
tell	told	told	<i>розповідати</i>
think	thought	thought	<i>думати</i>
throw	threw	thrown	<i>кидати</i>
thrust	thrust	thrust	<i>итовхати</i>
tread	trod	trodden	<i>ступати</i>
unbend	unbent	unbent	<i>розгинати(ся)</i>
understand	understood	understood	<i>розуміти</i>
undertake	undertook	undertaken	<i>розпочинати</i>
upset	upset	upset	<i>перекидатися</i>
wake	waked	waked	<i>прокидатися</i>
wear	wore	worn	<i>носити</i>
weave	wove	woven	<i>ткати</i>
weep	wept	wept	<i>плакати</i>
win	won	won	<i>вигравати</i>
wind	wound	wound	<i>заводити</i>
withdraw	withdrew	withdrawn	<i>відкликати</i>
wring	wrung	wrung	<i>скручувати</i>
write	wrote	written	<i>писати</i>

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